The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,356—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, MAY 17, 1882.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

Commencing with the s. s. ROSETTA, leaving Bombay on the 16th June, the Company's Steamers will call at Colombo instead of Point de Galle.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Friday.
— KHIVA	2669	450	G. Scrivener	19th May.
L. INDUS	3162	600	S. D. Shallard.	26th ,,
				Tuesday.
— BOKHARA	2932	500	J. Reeves	30th May.
L. ROHILLA	3500	700	W. Barratt	6th June.
— KASHGAR	2021	450	R. G. Murray	13th ,,
L. VERONA	3116	600	E. Ashdown	20th ,,
— SURAT	3142	530	W. E. Breeze	27th ,,

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID-MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRIN, DISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, and MARSEILLES, by every Mail. The Steamers marked L. proceeded direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under: THREE MONTHS—From date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi. both ways.	Via Brindisi. one way.	Via London. both ways.
First Class	Rs. 900	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,000
Second Class.	Rs. 500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS.			
First Class	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class.	Rs. 600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, & SYDNEY, CALLING AT CEYLON.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	1882.
KAISAR-I-HIND	4023 700	J. C. Babot	19th May.
KHEDIVE	3860 600	P. S. Tomlin	2nd June.
ROSETTA	3500 700	A. E. Barlow	16th ,,

Return Tickets are now issued	1st Class. Rs.	2nd Class. Rs.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	600	375
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Galle.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, April 22, 1882.

RUBATTINO STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

THE Regular Mail-steamers, under contract with Italian Government, leave GENOA and BOMBAY on the 21th of each month, calling at NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and *vice versa*.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

Classes of Seats.	To Destinations. Including wines.	To Marseilles. Including wines.
I Class	350	329
II do.	350	with wines.
III do.	150	155 with food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge.
Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Hand-books. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be ascertained from the Agent.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

SUMATRA, on Thursday, 1st June, 1882.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board, free of charge, by the Company's steam launch, leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m.

Through Railway Tickets to London, available for 12 months.

From Genoa.	1 Class	Calais Route.	Rs 95
,,	II do.	do.	70
From Naples.	I do.	do.	115
,,	II do.	do.	105

Brighton Route Rs 80 do. 55 do. 130 do. 93

For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
Bombay, 3rd April, 1882.

AUSTRO- HUNGARIAN LLOYDS' S. N. Co.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons	HP	To sail.
s. s. ORION (new)	..G. Mahorcich	3,500	500	8th June.

She will perform her passage AT INCREASED SPEED, thus reducing the average passage from BOMBAY to BRINDISI (via Canal) to 19½ days and to TRIESTE to 21 days.

Passage-money, Trieste or Brindisi, 1st class, Rs. 500.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons	HP	To sail
s. s. HELIOS	....A. Tercig	2,000	400	8th July.
s. s. AGLAIA	....B. Crillanovich	1,927	400	8th Aug.
s. s. DAPHNE	....G. Doncich	1,927	400	8th Sept.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140 0
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	375	295	143 0
To Port Said	320	255	131 0
To Suez	300	240	122 0
To Aden	170	130	66 8

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons	HP.	To sail
s. s. AGLAIA	....B. Crillanovich	1,927	400	2nd June,
s. s. DAPHNE	....G. Doncich	1,927	400	2nd July.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

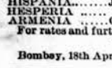
INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle,
Bombay, May 9th, 1882.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.



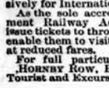
THE following sailings have been arranged:—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Vessels	Captains	Tons. h.p.	About
BRITANNIA	....R. Hutchison	2,240 400	9th June.
HISPANIA	....Jas. Laird	3,380 500	22nd do.
HESPERIA	.....	3,382 181	7th July.
ARMENIA	....Geo. H. Read	2,395 180	21st do.

For rates and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 18th April, 1880. Agents.



COOK'S NEW SYSTEM OF INTERNATIONAL TRAVELLING TICKETS, available for one or more passengers by any route from all chief Railway Stations in India to EGYPT, PALESTINE, CENTRAL EUROPE, GREAT BRITAIN, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, CHINA, JAPAN, AMERICA, and ALL PARTS of the GLOBE.

The arrangements for travelling through India are under the special authority of the Government of India and the Secretary of State for India, and are intended exclusively for International Travellers.

As the sole accredited agents of the Italian Government Railway Administration, THOS. COOK & SON, issue tickets to through passengers from India, which will enable them to visit Naples, Rome, Florence, Milan, &c., at reduced fares.

For full particulars apply to THOS. COOK & SON, HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY (originators of the European Tourist and Excursion system), established 1841.

S. S. COLUMBIA has ARRIVED from Glasgow and Liverpool, and is DISCHARGING in the Prince's Dock.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the QUANTITY of OPIUM required for the supply of Government Depots in the Bombay Presidency from the 15th June, 1882 to the 14th July, 1883.

The Opium must be delivered at the Custom House, Bombay, in quantities as requisitioned for by the Collector of Customs. Each lot must be so delivered within seven days from the date of its requisition.

Tenderers should forward samples of Opium (each sample must be at least one-half pound in weight) of the qualities they undertake to deliver and of each of the ages stated below:—

Opium at least (1) one year old;
,, ,, (2) two years old;
,, ,, (4) four years old and thoroughly dry and suitable for the Kathiawar Market;

and should state the prices per half-chest of 70½ lbs. avoirdupois at which they undertake to deliver as many lots of each, or any, of the ages mentioned and equal in quality to the samples of corresponding ages deposited with the Collector of Customs as may be requisitioned for by the said officer within the period above-mentioned. Full power is reserved to the Collector of Customs to reject any Opium offered in fulfilment of this requisition without assigning any reason for such rejection.

Each Tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500, which will be forfeited in the event of the Tenderer not completing and executing his contract before the 15th June, 1882.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

Tenders should be addressed to the Collector of Customs, and should be delivered along with the samples of Opium referred to in them at the Custom House, Bombay, on or before the 25th May, 1882.

Information as to the quantities of Opium purchased on Government account in each of the last three years may be obtained on application to the Assistant Collector of Customs in charge Opium Branch at the Custom House Bombay. No guarantee is given by the undersigned as to the quantity of Opium that will be requisitioned for during the period above-mentioned.

C. B. PRITCHARD,
Commissioner of Customs, Opium and Abkari.
Lazowli, 12th April, 1882.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

BOMBAY TO LONDON.

S. S. AGRA, 1,907 tons, Captain H. B. Smith, sails on SATURDAY, 27th May, 1882, at 5 p.m., calling at Kurrachee and Lisbon, and is due to arrive in London on 8th July.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. MALDA, 1,945 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 17th May, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingoria, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. COCONADA, 862 Tons, on TUESDAY, 23rd May, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Essa, and Buarch, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, on FRIDAY, 19th May, 1882, at 11 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. MECCA, 1,450 Tons, on SATURDAY, 20th, May 1882.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 16th May, 1882. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ASHANTEE HAMMOCKS ON SALE

BY

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FRESH IMPORTATIONS,

EX S.S. "FRANCE," OF

NESTLE'S SWISS MILK and ANGLO-SWISS MILK, Milk-maid brand. } Cash 7 annas per tin.

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.)

REDUCED PRICES.

FINEST VIRGINIAN GOLDEN LEAF
HONEY DEW TOBACCO;

A splendid article, infinitely superior to the Tobaccos commonly sold under its name.

IMPORTED OVERLAND AT
Per Pound, Cash, Rs. 2-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PETIT MEDOC CLARET.

TREACHER & Company's importation of this Wine remains *unequalled* at the price. The Public are respectfully requested to compare the quality with similar Brands, (so styled) recently shipped to this market.

Per doz. Quarts, Cash, Rs. 13.
Per doz, Pints, Cash, Rs. 7-8

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

REDUCED PRICES.

TREACHER'S OZO

IS a delightful sparkling health-sustaining beverage, a dissipator of mental and nervous affections, and a renewer of physical power.

Cash Rs. 2 per dozen.

INVENTORS AND SOLE PROPRIETORS,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S OWN CRICKET-BALLS

are manufactured by a practical Kent Cricket-Ball Maker, who enjoys the distinguished patronage of the leading Professional Player in England, and being bought first-hand are offered at a reduction from the usual rates The FOUR-SEAMED Registered Match Balls are the best ever yet introduced.

	Cash.
Double-seamed Balls	Rs. 3 8
Treble-seamed Balls	,, 4 0
Four-seamed Balls, "Registered"	,, 4 8

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

MICROSCOPES.

VERY fine Instruments by NACHET ET FILS, Paris. Thoroughly serviceable for Scientific Work. On Stout Pedestals, jointed and inclining at any angle; with revolving and jointed Mirrors; Condensing Lenses; Moveable Diaphragms; ordinary and fine adjustments, with supplies of Glass Slips, Forceps, etc. The whole in Mahogany Cases.

MICROSCOPE, with 3 Object Glasses, Nos. 1, 3 and 5, in Morocco Case; and 3 Ocular Glasses, Nos. 1, 2 and 3. Magnifies from 80 to 700 times linear	Rs. 150 0
MICROSCOPE with 2 Object Glasses and 2 Ocular Glasses. Magnifies from 80 to 500 times linear	130 0
STOUT GLASS SHADE to protect the instrument when out of case	7 0
POLARIZING APPARATUS, consisting of 2 Nicol's Prisms, for fitting to either of above Microscopes, in Morocco Case	32 0
VALENTINE'S SECTION KNIFE, in Morocco Case	17 8
SPARE GLASS SLIPS, per dozen	0 12
LAMELLES, Square or Circular	0 10

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

STANDARD AERATED WATERS.

PERFECT FILTRATION.
TREATMENT BY CHARCOAL.
BOTTLES RENDERED ABSOLUTELY CLEAN.
FACTORY OPEN TO INSPECTION.

THE strong point in the character of these waters is their

SUPERIOR PURITY.

The undersigned believe that they have contrived the best system of filtration and charcoal treatment yet employed; and their arrangements for bottle cleansing embrace specially constructed machinery which secures perfect purity in the bottles previous to use.

	Dozen
Soda Water (5 grains per bottle)	Rs. 0 12
Potash Water (British Pharmacopœia)	
Aerated Water	
Tonic Water (Quinine and Bigarade Orange Blossom)	
Lemonade	,, 1 0
Gingerade	
Seltzer Water	
Medicinal Soda Water (British Pharmacopœia)	
Aromatic Ginger Ale (very fine)	,, 1 8
Bottles charged Extra	,, 2 0

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT ATTRACTION OF THE SEASON.
THE IMPERIAL BOMBAY
TRINOPTICON DIORAMA
ON THE MAIDAN.
TO-NIGHT,
Commencing punctually at 9 p.m.

NEW PROGRAMME.
SELECTED TABLEAUX FROM THE
ZULU AND AFGHAN WARS.
NEW MECHANICAL EFFECTS & SPECIALITIES.

REDUCED PRICES.
Rs. 2, Rs. 1, As. 8, and As. 4.
NOTICE.—First and Second Seats may be reserved at the Tent from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. without extra charge.
CHILDREN AND SCHOOLS HALF PRICE TO FIRST AND SECOND SEATS.

Proprietor, S. N. BHEDWAR, Esq.
GENERAL MANAGER, VOCALIST, & LECTURER—DENBIGH NEWTON.
OFFICE:—2, Bell Lane, Fort.

NOTICE.

ANCHOR LINE.
S. S. COLUMBIA.
2,000 Tons. 300 H. P. Nominal.
BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES,
OR
OVERLAND TO LONDON VIA MARSEILLES.

THIS steamer will SAIL on the 27th instant for MARSEILLES.
Fare to Marseilles ..Rs. 400.
Do. to London via Marseilles. .. 500.
Heavy baggage will be sent on to Liverpool without extra charge. Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 16th May, 1882. Agents.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S. S. ADIRONDACK, from Liverpool, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE, and to take delivery of their respective Goods from the Prince's Dock. All chafed or damaged Goods must be surveyed before removal from the Dock, and no claims will be admitted after the steamer leaves.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents for Captain and Owners s.s. "Adirondack."
Bombay, 16th May, 1882.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Italian Mail-steamer SUMATRA, Captain E. Boselli, which ARRIVED in Bombay Harbour on the 16th instant, are hereby requested to send BILLS of LADING for COUNTERSIGNATURE and PAY FREIGHT (if any) and apply for DELIVERY ORDERS at the Company's office, Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, without delay.

All claims for short delivery, &c., must be sent in before the departure of the steamer; otherwise they will not be admitted under any circumstances.

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company.

WANTED, a qualified APOTHECARY to take medical charge of a steamer. Apply personally to the undersigned between ..... of 10 a.m. and noon, on THURSDAY, the 18th instant.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.

WANTED, a COMPOUNDER. Portuguese preferred. Salary liberal. None need apply who has not served a respectable dispensing firm or a physician for more than six months, and can produce satisfactory references.

PANDURANG GOPAL, G. G. M. C.,
Surgeon Oculist.
Girgaum, 11th May, 1882.

THE AUSTRALIAN GLACE PHOTOGRAPHIC COMPANY.

THIS so-called new Glace System PRESERVES the Photographs, and PREVENTS them from fading or turning into yellow spots.

Great pains will be taken to ensure a Life-like Portrait, and of a lasting quality, finished in all the latest styles of the Art.

We guarantee to take Photographs equally well in Dull or Rainy Weather as in the Bright Sunshine.

R. S. POCHEE AND SON.
No. 7, Military Square Lane (Fort.)

NOTICE is hereby given that I, MEMON HASSUM AHMED, *alias* BADA, have CONTRACTED to PURCHASE from BUCHOOBAI, wife of CAWASJEE BOMONJEE KAKA, all those pieces or parcels of Pension Tax and Leasehold ground, containing 292 square yards, under the Collector of Land Revenue No. 638 and Nos. 16 and 18 respectively, with a dwelling-house standing thereon, situate in Bombay at Picquet-road or Esplanade Cross-lane, assessed by the Municipality under No. 21, and bounded on the east by the property of Cumroodin Tyebjee, west by a passage and house of Girdhur Boolub, north by property of Cawasjee Eduljee, and south by the Picquet-road or Esplanade Cross-lane. Any person or persons having any claim or demand by way of mortgage, inheritance or otherwise on the said property should intimate the same to me, house No. 17, at 2nd Coombarwada, near Juckeria Musjid, within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise he, she or they will be precluded therefrom and the sale will be completed.—16th May, 1882.

HASSUM AHMED *alias* BADA.

FOR SALE.

TWO LANCASHIRE BOILERS, 24 ft. long and 7 ft. 4 in. in diameter, with double flues and mountings complete, by BENJAMIN HICKS.
1 FIVE-TON STEAM CRANE, Taylor's Patent, made to travel by steam.
1 THREE-TON STEAM CRANE, by CHAPLIN.
1 CARD-GRINDING MACHINE, by PARR CURTIS.
1 14-H.P. HORIZONTAL ENGINE, with 8 ft. driving wheel, 12 inches on the face for strap.
Two pairs of 3 ft. 6 in. French Bar Stones by CLAYTON and SHUTTLEWORTH.
1 14-H.P. PORTABLE ENGINE.
1 14-H.P. BOILER with mountings complete.
1 6-H.P. HORIZONTAL ENGINE and BOILER.
1 4-H.P. VERTICAL ENGINE and BOILER.
32 Tons of GALVANIZED PLATES.
14 PLATTS McCARTHY'S GINS with double knives.
A number of WEAVING LOOMS.
For particulars apply to

T. SUGDEN, Engineer,
Near Sassoon Mill, Tank Bunder, Bombay.

TO LET, with immediate possession, a very desirable BUNGALOW, on the Ridge, Malabar Hill, consisting of five bed-rooms, a drawing-room, dining-room and a billiard-room, large compound. Rent very moderate. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow-street. House Agent.

TO LET, with immediate possession, the very desirable upper-storied BUNGALOW, near Malabar Castle, lately vacated by F. Mathew, Esq. It commands a very charming view and consists of three bed-rooms, drawing and dining-rooms. Rent moderate. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow-street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, at Breach Candy, the desirable upper-storied BUNGALOW, lately vacated by Surgeon-Major Blanc, M.D. Rent moderate. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow-street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, on Cumbala Hill, a two storied BUNGALOW, formerly in the occupation of Messrs. Stevens and Adams. It is suitable for two families, have separate accommodation, for all the necessary purposes. Possession could be had on 1st June next. For rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow-street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, a very desirable BUNGALOW at Bandora. Rent very moderate. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow-street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, ROOMS on the top floor of a house at Dhobie-talow, facing the sea. Rent only Rs. 25. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow-street. House Agent.

OFFICE QUARTERS in Meadow-street, for Rs. 45 and Rs. 15. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow-street. House Agent.

EXTRACT OF CHICKEN.

GUARANTEED to be a PURE EXTRACT of the FLESH and BONES of CHICKEN. Free from Fat. When dissolved in water it forms a most nutritious food for Invalids, Infants, and delicate persons; and in Sea-sickness and similar emergencies, it is frequently the only nourishment that can be borne by the patient.

Per pot, Rs. 2-8.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

INVALIDS' WINES.

THE following carefully selected Wines are guaranteed as of excellent quality and are specially recommended for Invalids and Convalescents.

PORT.

Kinloch's Double Diamond	Quarts, Doz. Rs. 30
,, ,, ,,	Pints, ,, ,, 16
SHERRY.	
Kemp's Dry Cadiz	Quarts, Doz. Rs. 24
CLARET.	
J. J. Bordes' Chateau Lafite	Quarts, Doz. Rs. 30
Do. Chateau Bellegrave	Quarts, Doz. Rs. 50

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

EDINA WHISKY.

WE express the unanimous judgment of authorities here in pronouncing this Spirit unsurpassed by any in the Trade at Home or abroad. Tinged and mellowed by age it has developed in perfection a bouquet which its younger competitors but faintly imitate. We recommend critics to enlarge their knowledge of Whiskies by an attentive study of this spirit.

Per dozen Rs. 24.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
AGENTS FOR MESSRS. J. & W. HARDIE,)
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S BURGUNDIES AND SAUTERNES.

CASH. Per doz. Quarts Rs.	as.			CASH, Per doz. Pints. Rs.	as.
18	0	...Still	... BURGUNDY	...Chablis... 10	0
			A favourite White Dinner Wine		
19	0	...Still	... BURGUNDY	...Beaune... 10	8
			A fine red full-bodied Wine.		
23	0	...Still	... BURGUNDY	Macon ... 12	8
			Distinguished for flavour and aroma.		
23	0	...Still	... BURGUNDY	Pommard... 12	8
			This Wine is of fine character and in excellent condition.		
30	0	...Still	... BURGUNDY	Chambertin. 16	8
			This is an exquisite Wine possessed of every charm for which the finest Burgundies are famous.		
19	0	...Fine	... SAUTERNE	...Barsac ... 10	8
			A good light refreshing Wine.		
23	8	...Superior	... SAUTERNE ...from the Bordeaux District.	13	0
			Fine mellow flavour with good aroma.		
31	8	...Haut	... SAUTERNE ...	Very rich and fine ... 17	0
			Old in bottle, renowned for its aroma and fine body.		

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DUNNETT AND CO., SADDLERS AND BOOT-MAKERS.

BRIDLES.

Gent.'s Double or Weymouth Bridles with Noseband fully stitched, Steel Bits, and Lip Strap, complete ... ... Rs. 20 to 25	0
Gent.'s Pelham covered or plated Buckles, twisted or plain, Mouth Bit complete with Noseband ... ... Rs. 18 to 20	0
Gent.'s Snaffle Bridles, broad reins, covered or plated Buckles, fancy stitched Nosebands with plain twisted or chain Mouth Bits ... ... Rs. 12 to 14	0

WHIPS.

Lady's and Gent.'s Driving Whips, beautifully balanced, plated and stirling silver Mounts ... ... from Rs. 8 to 20	0
Lady's and Gent.'s Riding Whips with chased and plain Mounts, leather and plaited handles, a splendid selection ... from Rs. 5 to 25	0
Lady's and Gent.'s Hunting Crops, Malacca Cane in Bone, Ivory, and Silver Handles, chased and plain Mounts, all weights, in stock ... ... from Rs. 7-8 to 18	0

Rug Straps, Stirrup Leathers, Clipping Machines, Lennan's and Latchford's Ladies' Safety Stirrup, Iron Burnishers, Chamois Skins, Saddle Preserve composition, Plate Powder, Polishing Paste Kid Reviver, &c., &c.

DUNNETT & CO.,

SADDLERS AND BOOT-MAKERS,
BOMBAY.

ANDREW USHER & CO.'S EDINBURGH

OLD VATTED GLENLIVET WHISKY.

(Registered Trade Brand.)

GOLD PRIZE MEDAL, LONDON EXHIBITION, 1873.

Bottled under the supervision of H. M. Customs at Bonded Stores, Edinburgh.

OLD VATTED GLENLIVET WHISKY .....Rs. 22 CASH.
OLD VATTED GLENLIVET WHISKY (*Special Reserve*) ...Rs. 25 CASH.

THE above is only Registered Brand of GLENLIVET WHISKY being offered to the Public in India. Traders and Consumers are respectfully cautioned against other Brands of so-called Glenlivet Whisky now being largely advertised.

FOR SALE, WHOLESALE, BY

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY;

Also at the godowns of

BOLTON & CO., BOMBAY.

THE SHIPMENT RECEIVED PER S.S. CLAN GORDON IS SOLD.
ANOTHER SHIPMENT IS TO ARRIVE PER S.S. COLUMBIA.

LADIES' GENERAL FRENCH OUTFITTING WAREHOUSE,

AUX VILLES DE FRANCE.

NOTICE.

THE

GREAT AUCTION OF ALL THE REMAINING STOCK AND FIXTURES WILL COMMENCE IN A FEW DAYS.

FULL PARTICULARS WILL BE SHORTLY ANNOUNCED.

NO RESERVE. NO RESERVE.

MEIFFRE, NEVEU AND CO.,

RAMPART-ROW,

AND CHURCH-GATE-STREET, BOMBAY.

HOMEWARD BOUND PASSENGERS.

THORPE AND CO.

HAVE always on hand READY for immediate use a large selection of following:—

	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Deck Suits for Morning Wear	7 8 to 16	8
Travelling Suits	20 0 to 28	0
Warm Suits, Chevoit, &c.	30 0 to 35	0
Warm Overcoats, or Ulster	38 0 to 50	0
Best White Shirts Bands ..each	4	4
Do. do. Collars	4	8
Best Oxford do.	5	0
Best Flannel and Silk Wool	8	8
Cardigan Jackets, very Warm ..... 10 0 to	12	8
Dressing Gowns ..... 10 0 to	30	0
Warm Lamb's Wool, Undervests.....each	6	8
Do. do. Pants .....pair	6	8
Brown Cotton Socks.....per doz.	8	8
Super Merino Socks ..... do.	20	0
Very Warm Lamb's Wool Socks ..... do.	25	0
Ribbed Hand-Knitted Socks..... do.	30	0
Knicker-Bocker Hose, Hand-Knitted pair	3	8
Heather Ribbed Cotton ..... do.	3	8
Gauze Merino Undervests, per ½ doz. 12 0 to	15	0
Extra Super Gauze Vests, do. ...	15	0
Stout Merino Vest.....each	5	8
Stout Merino Pants ..... do.	6	8
Gauze Merino Pants ..... do.	6	8
Warm Gloves ..... 1 8 to	4	0
Warm Mufflers	2	0
Travelling Caps ..... 3 8 to	4	8
Best Tweed Hats	4	8
Best Linen Collars, all shapes .....doz.	5	8
Paper Collars .....doz.	0	8

	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Best Linen Cuffs .....doz.	10	8
Linen Faced Cuffs .....doz.	1	8
Overland Trunks, best make, from...	27	0
Solid Leather Portmanteaus	40	0
Railway Portmanteaus.....	13	8
Tan Canvass Courier Bags	8	0
Soiled Linen Bags	5	0
Gladstone, or expanding Bags	28	0
Solid Leather Dressing Cases, fitted complete	30	0
Travelling Baths, with inside Baskets	30 0 to	40 0
Travelling Pillows		1 8
Resais or Quilts	5 8 to	7 8
Scotch Mauds and Rugs	16 0 to	35 0
Cambric Handkerchiefs .....per doz.	5 0 to	18 0
Metal Soap Boxes	2 0 to	2 4
Sponges ..... from	1 8 to	5 0
Sponge Bags ..... from	1 8	
Rug Straps.....	1 8 to	2 8
Leather Purses.....	2 0 to	2 8
Sovereign Boxes	2 12	
Razors, Ready for use .....each	2 0	3 0
Shaving Brushes.....	2 12	
Nail Brushes	1 0	
Tooth Brushes	0 8	
Hair Brushes.....	4 0	
Military Hair Brushes in Leather case	10 8	
Nail Scissors	2 0	

Overland Chairs, a large assortment.....from Rs. 4 8.

Suits, Ulsters, made to measure in few hours' notice.

THORPE AND CO.,

MEADOW AND HUMMUM STREETS,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WATSON'S HOTEL,

Bombay, 28th April, 1882.

Messrs. M. H. MAJU and Co.

DEAR SIRS,—During my short stay in Bombay I have had very good reason to suspect that certain unscrupulous persons in this town and the Presidency towns are selling as MONSIMBUL TEAS others, which, though similar in appearance, have no comparison thereto in quality.

With reference to the present manufacturing SEASON the prospects at MONSIMBUL are good. A CONSIGNMENT of 6,000 lbs. Tea will most probably be despatched to you next month. The other consignments will be sent off as soon as possible.

COLONEL HAWES will most likely reside at Monsimbul this year.

Yours faithfully,
E. F. LANGDALE, Manager.

We are sole Agents in India for Colonel Hawes' Mousimbul Tea Estate. Price lists on application.

M. H. MAJU & CO.,
22, Church Gate, Fort, Bombay.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT

BY SINA.

PRICE ANNAS 8 PER COPY.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WATSON & CO.'S DEPARTMENTS.

DRESS-MAKING,	Estimates Post-free.
MILLINERY,	Illustrations Post-free.
DRAPERY,	Patterns Post-free.
SILK-MERCERY,	Patterns Post-free.
HABERDASHERY,	Price list Post-free.
HOSIERY,	Price list Post-free.
CIVIL TAILORING,	Patterns Post-free.
MILITARY TAILORING,	Estimates Post-free.
HATS & HELMETS,	Illustrations Post-free.
BOOTS & SHOES,	Price list Post-free.
PERFUMERY,	Price list Post-free.
FURNISHING	Price list Post-free.
SILVER JEWELLERY,	Illustrations Post-free.
GOLD JEWELLERY,	Illustrations Post-free.

ESPLANADE HOTEL,

BOMBAY.

HOUSES TO BE LET.

TO LET, on or about the 15th June next, a very desirable upperstoreyed BUNGALOW, situated in Middle Colaba, on the west, consisting of a drawing, dining and three bed and bath rooms on the upper floor, and the same accommodation below, entirely open to the westerly sea-breeze and commands a most charming view of Malabar Hill, and admirably adapted for two separate families. For rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow-street, Fort. House Agent.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

H. A. GEYER, 6, Elphin. Circle, Bombay.—The increasing demand for our Sewing-machines is an incontrovertible proof of their superiority over all others. Send for our illustrated Catalogue.

FOR SALE, a black retriever DOG, thorough bred, value £6. Apply on board S. S. EMBLETON.

WANTED, PARTNER for a VETERINARY ESTABLISHMENT. Preference given to one holding a diploma. Care of "A.," this office.

WANTED

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 16.

COTTON accounts from both Liverpool and New York came rather duller yesterday. In America futures had fallen to 12·59 ; and though no alterations are made in quotations from Liverpool, therehad evidently been more disposition to press sales. In sympathy with these accounts, our market here has been extremely quiet. Few transactions are reported, and buyers seem disinclined to go on. We do not quote any change in rates so far ; but if purchasers were anxious to buy, they would probably be able to get in at somewhat lower prices than were held for yesterday.

Consols are quoted 1-8 lower from London, but Rupee paper has improved to £85 for 4 and £91-7-6 for 4½ per cents. Bank stocks unaltered. The rate here for Government paper is firmer, and 4 per cents. are fully steady at Rs. 101-9-16 and 4½ per cents. at Rs. 106½.

The Manchester Market is reported steady, with a moderate demand for the East ; but our market here for Piece-goods is not very buoyant. The dullness of the past few days is by some people accounted for by the disinclination of the native merchants to do business till the eclipse of the moon is over. This happens to-morrow ; so that if there is anything in the theory, we will hope to see a better demand without much further delay.

COPPER is again advanced at home, and Reuter quotes—Braziers £78 and Wallaroo £73, which is an advance of £3 and £4 respectively from the prices current a very short time ago. The advance has not, however, improved our market here ; spots have fallen about Re. 1, and are now worth about the same as arrivals, say Rs. 45½.

SEEDS and WHEAT are in fair demand at current quotations.

The Share Market to-day opened very brisk for all kinds of stocks, and prices, especially of Spinning Mill Shares, were on the move upwards, and would have continued to advance ; but at 3 o'clock the bazaar was closed on account of the lamented death of the well-known merchant and banker, Mr. Ardasir Hormarjee Wadia. As it is, we have in a good many instances again advanced our quotations. One thing has lately improved the position of these concerns very much in the public estimation. Large clearances of stocks of Yarns have been made in China and Japan, and the demand for these productions has in consequence of late been much brisker. This is more especially the case with Yarns. Stocks of Goods are still rather large and difficult to move.

Calcutta telegrams quote Government 4 per cents. Rs. 101⅛, 4½ per cents. Rs. 108½, 4 months' Bank Bills on England 1 8 5-16, 6 months' Credits 1 8 9-16. Exchange on Bombay 1-16 premium.

FREIGHTS.—Jute 52-6d., Rice 50s., and Linseed 55s.

Bank of Bengal shares are again quoted Rs. 840, and National Bank Rs. 98.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS

	Shares.	Am't.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5p. ct.	781½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	840
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	700
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	3 do.	130
Chartered Mercantile	37,500	25	12½	2 do.	9

LAND COMPANIES.

Bombay Land Co.	1,500	150	140	100	...
Esplanade Land, Ld.	1,750	2,000	2,000	...	...
Back Bay Reclam. Co.	4,000	3,000	2,925	Rs. 30	190
Colaba Co.	6,000	1,400	1,100	Rs. 8	224
For distribution.					

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Great Indian Peninsula	50	200	218-3-0	5 p. ct.	220 xd.
Bombay, Baroda & C. I.	100	100	130-14-6	do	72
Ditto Shares	...	100	65-7-3	do	72
Ditto Co.	...	...	21-14-6	do	30
Ditto Debs.	100	2100	1,000	do	1,010
Ditto Shares	...	218	196-5-15	do	315

PRESS COMPANIES.

Bombay Steam Press	150	1,000	2,850	50	875
Printing Co.	100	500	all	18 p.ct.	...
Ditto Shares	...	...	...	...	130
Ditto Debs.	200	1,000	1,100	Rs. 70	1,120
Times Press Co.	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto Shares	100	100	100	40	450
Ditto Debs.	625	1,000	1 000	90 p.s.	975
Ditto Printing	400	500	all	Rs. 374	420
Brosch Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	1,400	250	all	10	58
Colabra Press Co	500	1,880	1,880	50	1,020
Dholias Press and Ginning Co.	500	300	all	30	210
East India Press Co	700	1,000	1,000	120	1,130
Fort Press Co	250	5,000	3,000	p.s.	2,650
French Press Co	300	500	all	45 p.s.	565
Sind Press Co	400	2,000	750	Rs. 33	530
Motiasli Co	3,125	400	400	15 p.s.	3324
New Indian Press	2,400	122	125	Rs. 15	210
Prince of W. Press	120	.....	1,500	235	2,000
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co	100	1,000	750	Rs. 80	1,200
Sassoon Press Co	300	0	500	25	450
Volkart's Press Co.	450	0	a	50	615

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	500	90	1,427
Parell S. & W. Co. Ld.	2,500	400	400	50	220
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	1,000	100	Rs. 10	135
New issue	..	100	50	..	80
Alfred Manufacturing Company	1,000	500	500	30 p. s	525
AllianceCotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	..	Rs. 40	720
Bhowniggur Mills	300	2,000	2,000	100	750
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	880
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	Rs. 4	690
Cooria Mills	800	50	1,000	50	845
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	nil	515
Empress S. & W. Co.	736	500	all	Rs. 25	665
Ditto (New issue)	400	500	150	..	610
Golam Baba S. Co.	1,000	500	400	20	555
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	1,000
Hydrabad Spinning Company	700	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,075
Jafer Ali Spinning Company	600	500	500	50	690
Jewraj Bhalloo handcloth	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	950
	750	1,000	1,000	30	875
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	915
Madras United	950	1,000	1,000	100 p.s.	1,950
Mahalukmi	650	1,000	500	Rs. 55	1,000
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	Rs. 30	1,265
Mazagon Spinning Co.	5,000	250	250	15 p. s.	230
Morarjee Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	1,195
National Spinning	500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	775
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	40 p. s.	885
Oriental	4,000	625	625	Rs. 55	625
Prince of Wales Spinning Company	1,500	500	500	35	310
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	2,500	1,000	1,000	70	1,320xd
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50 p. s.	1,130
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	50	890
Southern In. India	500	500	Rs. 30	Rs. 40	690
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	60	815
Western India S. & M. Company	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 45	875

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Sunrise, 1,385 tons, Captain M. Dobson, sailed yesterday for Antwerp, with a general cargo.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Ellora, 1,513 tons, Captain W. Seaward, sailed yesterday for Calcutta in ballast.

THE steamer Enchantress, 1,056 tons, Captain R. Smith, sailed yesterday for Avonmouth, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Renfrew, 1,388 tons, Captain C. Brough, sailed yesterday for Antwerp, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Joseph Arbib, 1,229 tons, Captain R. Dudding, arrived in harbour yesterday from Cardiff with a cargo of 1,950 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE steamer Adirondack, 1,302 tons, Captain Green, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool with a general cargo. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes and Co.

THE steamer Linhope, 1,509 tons, Captain Blacklaw, arrived in harbour yesterday from Newcastle with a cargo of 2,640 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. James Mackintosh and Co.

THE steamer Mayo, 872 tons, Captain Linton Hughes, arrived in harbour on the 15th instant from Cardiff (14th April), with a cargo of 1,181 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. W. and A Graham and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Agra, 1,235 tons, Captain H. B. Smith, arrived in harbour yesterday from London, via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Captain Carpendale, Mr. Burl, Mr. Parresh, and one deck.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Pachamba, 544 tons, Captain P. Johnson, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf, via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. J. Mahomed bin Fareed, Mr. Frank Cooper, Mr. Lauthaidt, Lieut. W. Beville, Hajee Abdoola Min and boy, and 100 deck.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steamer Kaiser-i-Hind, 3,400 tons, Captain J. C. Babot, which arrived in harbour on the 15th instant from London, &c., brought the English mail and the following cargo : —137 packages piecegoods, 103 bales twist, 6 cases toys, 289 cases oilmanstores, 10 cases soap, 55 cases medicines, 8 cases mouts, 647 cases wine and spirit, 61 cases provisions, 10 cases glass, 15 cases cod-liver oil, 10 cases clocks, 7 packages colour and paints, 31 cases milk, 4 packages ivory, 7 cases leather, 3 cases saffron, 50 tons coals, 12 packages ink, 4 cases copper, 29 packages papers, 24 cases cochineal, 225 boxes candles, 30 drums oil, 1 box gold coins, 7 boxes gold, 400 boxes silver coins, 10 boxes specie, 671 boxes silver, 27 packages varnish, 25 drums turpentine, 4 boxes tinplates, 561 barrels beer, and many packages merchandise.

ARRIVALS.

May	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
15	Mayo (s)	Hughes	Cardiff, April 14.
16	Sumatra (s)	Bosselli	Marseilles, April 19.
	Agra (s)	Smith	London.
	Joseph Arbib (s)	Dudden	Cardiff.
	Adirondack (s)	Green	Liverpool.
	Linhope (s)	Blacklaw	Newcastle.
	Tenasserim (s)	Creagh	Kurrachee, May 16.

DEPARTURES.

May	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
16	Bridgewater	Adams	Bremerhaven.
	Sunrise (s)	Dobson	Antwerp.
	Enchantress (s)	Smith	Avenmouth.
	Renfrew (s)	Brough	Antwerp.
	Pachamba (s)	Johnson	Persian Gulf.
	Ellora (s)	Seaward	Calcutta.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Sumatra, to Genoa, &c.
Steamer Peoptisia, to Marseilles.
Steamer St. Bernard, to Liverpool.
Steamer Kaie, to Dunkirk.
Steamer Kaiser-i-Hind, to China, &c.
Steamer Agra, to London, via Malabar Coast and Kurrachee.
Steamer Mecca, to Zanzibar.

DAILY IMPORTS.—MAY 16.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Columbia (s)—1,000 bundles steel hoops, W. and A. Graham and Co.
Wistow Hall (s)—5 hogsheads stout, Dajeebhoy Dadabhoy.

FROM GLASGOW.

Columbia (s)—25 casks paint, Pestonjee Nowrojee and Sons ; 100 cases sulphuric acid, Cadurbhoy Currimjee.
Clan Alpine (s)—51 cases whisky and 15 cases brandy. Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
Lennox—5 cases whisky, Rogers and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Glenduriel—15 qr. casks wine, C. H. B. Forbes and Co.
Hughenden (s)—1 hogshead brandy, Dhunjee Cowasjee.
Alexander Yeats—56 cases oilmanstore, Shrufally Heptoola ; 5 crates earthenware, Gangjee Poonja ; 280 packages pitch, R. Ookabhoy ; 51 barrels pitch and 5 barrels tar, E. Allibhoy ; 55 runlets pitch, T. Esmaljee ; 25 packages ink and 250 barrels cement, Byramjee Shapoorjee ; 100 drums linseed oil, Jamasjee and Co. ; 25 drums linseed oil, Lookmanjee Sumsoodin ; 151 cases glassware, Bharmul Bhima ; 500 casks cement, Aldridge, Salmon and Co.
Kangara (s)—20 cases corks, Sorabjee and Co. ; 111 cases ports, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
Kaiser-i-Hind (s)—15 cases saddlery, Lafond Brothers ; 42 boxes bar silver (Rs. 1,22,300), the Chartered Bank ; 186 packages merchandise, Treacher and Co.
Brindisi (s)—6 bales printing paper, *Bombay Gazette*.

FROM VENICE.

Kaiser-i-Hind (s)—120 boxes silver coins, (Rs. 3,60,000), the Chartered Bank.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MAY 16.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Carlisle—600 cwts linseed, Versee Dewsee ; 100 bales cotton, P. Chrystal and Co.
Corinth (s)—375 cwts gails, Jetha Purshotum ; 113 bales wool, Mottee Jetha ; 200 bales cotton, Dewjee Coorpall ; 1,150 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 300 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co ; 800 cwts wheat, Luckmedass Mowjee ; 40 tons bones, Alexr. Mackenzie.
St. Albans (s)—800 cwts wheat, Cooverjee Nursee ; 100 bales cotton, Vussonjee Mooljee ; 1,000 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 90 bales cotton, Heeralall Tribhoovandass ; 200 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co.
Wistow Hall (s)—375 cwts coir yarn, Tejsee Assoo ; 4,000 cwts wheat, William Bell and Co ; 400 bales cotton, J. C. Bushby and Co.
Bretton Hall (s)—7,520 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co ; 300 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers ; 1 bale cotton, P. Chrystal and Co ; 700 cwts coir fibre, Ralli Brothers.
Kenyon—300 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co.

FOR LONDON.

DeBay (s)—125 cwts coir yarn, Canjee Rowjee ; 400 bales cotton, Sigg-Suizer and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Geo. Lockhart and Co ; 215 cwts coolfa and 5f cwts saffeflower, Gordhun Mayram ; 29 boxes mother-of-pearl shells, Hajee Abdoola Esmail and Co ; 5 bales hides, Rajbhoy Tyebally ; 20 bales hides, Dawoodbhoy Hassam.
R. F. Mathews (s)—1,200 cwts wheat, Damodur Khimjee ; 4,004 cwts linseed, P. Chrystal and Co.
Clan Alpine (s)—165 cwts coir yarn, Roysee Ameerchund ; 4,800 cwts linseed, Aldridge, Salmon and Co ; 4,800 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co ; 1,000 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 4,000½ cwts linseed, P. Chrystal and Co.

FOR HULL.

Inchulva (s)—335 cwts linseed, Mackinlay, Simpson and Co; 8,004 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Humbert (s)—8,000 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Fairfield (s)—1,500 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Brothers ; 500 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co.
Renfrew (s)—1,650 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR BREMERHAVEN.

Marathon (s)—200 bales cotton, John Marshall ; 200 bales cotton, L. Singer and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Geo Heaton (s)—1,500 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 200 bales cotton, A. Blascheck and Co ; 750 bales cotton, Geo. Lockhart and Co ; 400 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 325 bales cotton, Sigg-Sulzer and Co ; 45 cwts coffee, The A. H. Lloyd and Co ; 325 bales cotton, Sigg-Sulzer and Co.
Embleton (s)—100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.
Khiva (s)—200 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR VENICE.

Embleton (s)—350 cwts castorseed, Volkart Brothers ; 200 bales cotton, L. Singer and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.
Geo. Heaton (s)—103 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 400 bales cotton, Sigg-Sulzer and Co ; 150 bales cotton, Geo. Lockhart and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Harvey and Sabapathy ; 117 bales cotton, L. Singer and Co ; 350 cwts gingelly seed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

India (s)—1,750 qrs. wheat, Ralli Brothers.
Boston City (s)—20,000 cwts wheat and 500 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.
Halifax (s)—125 cwts groundnuts, Lang, Moir and Co.
Scots Gray (s)—33 bales cotton, Jairam Sewjee.

FOR GENOA.

Scots Gray (s)—250 bales cotton, L. Singer and Co ; 200 bales cotton, A. Blascheck and Co ; 300 bales cotton and 1,530 cwts gingellyseed, Peel, Cassels and Co.

FOR ALEXANDRIA.

Khiva (s)—20 bundles silk, David Sassoon and Co ; 4 bundles silk, E. L. Moolchund.

FOR SUEZ.

Khiva (s)—225 cwts coffee, 5 cases cochineal and 8 cases silk, E. L. Moolchund.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Kaiser-i-Hind (s)—70 bales twist, the N. S. and W. Co ; 175 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Kaiser-i-Hind (s)—60 cwts sharkfins and 27 cwts oilbanum, Dattoobhoy Dosa ; 50 bales cotton, Khetsedass Hurmookroy ; 55 bales cotton, Ramjeedass Luckmedass ; 138 bales cotton, Sriram Sewdutroy ; 304 bales cotton, Dewcuran Ramcuran ; 293 bales cotton, Hajee Adom Esmail and Co ; 99 bales cotton, Tata and Co ; 329 bales cotton, Goolam Hoosein Jan Mahomed ; 87 bales cotton, Jokhiram Jusraj ; 100 bales cotton, Morarbhoy Vizbhoocandass ; 688 bales cotton and 115 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co ; 15 bales twist, Achoung ; 50 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co ; 100 bales twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co ; 52 bales twist, Hajee Jan Mahomed Abdool Khaluck ; 56 bales twist, S. N. Talatee and Co ; 25 bales twist, Framjee Hormusjee Mehta ; 24 bales twist, Cullianjee Lalljee ; 13 bales twist, Dadabhoy Heerajee ; 50 bales twist, Bhugwandass Narandass ; 30 bales twist, Doolubdass Vulubdass ; 100 bales twist, Nugindass Hurjeewandass ; 100 bales twist, W. and A. Graham and Co ; 240 bales twist, Hajee Essac Ellias ; 25 bales twist, E. L. Moolchund ; 145 bale twist and 12½ cwts cambay stones, Ebram Noorjehan and Co ; 109 bales twist, and 108 bales cotton, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy ; 1,025 cwts sandalwood, 12½ cwts horns, 105 cwts sharkfins, 25½ cwts fishmaws, 5½ cwts oilbanum, 252 bales cotton and 230 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebram ; 30 bales twist, the N. S. and W. Co ; 16 bales twist, Munsook Mootcelall ; 125 bales twist, Thakersee Mooljee and Co ; 100 bales twist, Tata and Co ; 25 bales twist and 16 bales cotton, Guneshlall Shobhagmull ; 85 bales cotton, Oodmanjee Bhudhur ; 35 bales cotton, Ludlabhoy Chuttoo ; 144 bales cotton, Mamoobhoy Ganjee ; 167 bales cotton, Jewarimull Moolchund ; 101 bales cotton, E. D. Sassoon and Co ; 53 bales cotton Oomapatty Vishwanath.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
BOMBAY, 15TH MAY, 1882.

Means of observations taken half an hour after 6 a. m. 10 a.m., 2 p. m., 4 p. m., and 10 p. m., Madras Time.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·790
Temperature of the Air	85·0
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77·3
Dew Point	71·5
Relative humidity of Air	713
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8)	1·2
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6½ p. m.)	89·5
Minimum do. do. (read at 10½ a. m.)	79·7
General Direction of Wind	WNW., NW., WNW., NW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	296

From 12·30 a. m. to 12·30 a. m.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MAY 15.

Campbell, Lieut., Seaforth Highlanders, on duty, from England.
Tipping, Lieut., 1st Bengal Cavalry, from leave, from England.
Warter, Lieut.-Col., R. H. A., from leave, from England.
Strett, Major, Devonshire, to join, from England.
Singleton, Lieut.-Col., 28th Bombay N. I., on leave, from Dharwar.
Greig, Major, R. A., on leave, from Ahmednagar.

MAY 16.

Tobin, Lieut., 23rd Bombay N. I., on leave, from Ahmedabad.
Shadow, R. A., on leave, from Ahmedabad.
Carpendale, Major, 2nd Sind Horse, on leave, from Jacobabad.
Smith, Captain, R. A., on duty, from Belgaum.

DEPARTURES.—MAY 15.

Dundas, Major, Dy. Asst. Adjt. Genl., on leave, to Matheran.
Becket, Major, P. W. D., on leave, to England.

MAY 16.

Beville, Lieut., 2nd Belooch Regt., from leave, to Kurrachee.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lt.-Col. Comdt. W. S. HEWETT, B. V. R. C.

Bombay, May 17.

The Regiment will parade on the 24th May to celebrate Her Majesty the Queen-Empress' Birthday as usual. The place and hour of fall in and the dress will be notified hereafter. All members who have returned their arms and accoutrements into store are requested to draw them out again for the above parade.

The annual inspection of arms by the Chief Civil Master Armourer has been fixed for the 5th June next. Those members who, for any cause whatever, think they will not be able to be present at the above parade are requested to return their arms and accoutrements without delay.

By order,
A. W. PROUDFOOT,
Capt. and Adjt., B. V. R. C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, May 13.)

SURVEY OF INDIA.

Mr. J. F. Macarthy, Asst. Surveyor, 2nd Grade, is granted extraordinary leave without allowances for one year, from 1st April.

Mr. E. Todd, Asst. Surveyor, 1st Grade, is appointed to officiate as Surveyor, 4th Grade, vice Mr. J. H. O'Donel, Surveyor, 4th Grade, seconded, with effect from 21st April.

Mr. W. Sinclair, Surveyor, 2nd Grade, and Draftsman in the Dy. Surveyor Genl.'s Office, is granted furlough for seventeen months and twenty-six days, from 21st April.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF COORG.

Mr. J. D. Sandford, M.A., Barrister-at-law, B.C.S., delivered over, and Mr. C. G. Plumer, M.C.S., received, charge of the Office of the Judicial Comsr., Coorg, on 1st May.

AGENTS, GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Col. J. D. Hall, Comdt. of the Bhopal Bn., held charge of the Sehore Treasury, in addition to his own duties, from 26th Dec. 1881 to 24th Feb. 1882, during the absence on duty of the Political Agent, Bhopal

Lieut.-Col. F. W. Boileau, Commdt., Merwara Bn., is granted sixty days' privilege leave from 4th May.

Major G. L. K. Hewett, Comdt., Erinpurah Irregular Force, availed himself, on the 25th April, of the privilege leave granted him on 28th March.

Capt. N. C. Martelli and Lieut. G. F. N. Tinley, respectively, made over and received charge of the Offices of the Banswara and Petrabgurh Assistancy and the Moghia Supdcy. on 20th April.

Lieut. G. F. N. Tinley and Major R. G. E. Dalrymple, respectively, made over and recived charge of the Offices of the Banswara and Pertabgurh Assistancy and the Moghia Supdcy. on 26th April.

Surgs. W. Beatson and D. Efrench Mullen, respectively, made over and received medical charge of the Meywar Political Agency on 27th April.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Lieut. G. M. Porter, R.E., Assit. Engr., 1st Grade, joined the Saugor Division, Military Works, on 12th April.

ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Head-quarters, Simla, May 10.

The C.-in-C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments :—

7th N. I.—Lieut. H. B. Vaughan, 2nd Bn. Leinster Regt., a candidate for the Bl. S. C., to be Offg. Wing Officer on probn. Dated 18th April.

17th N. I.—Lieut. I. Eardley-Wilmot, 1st Bn. Border Regt., a candidate for the Bl. S. C., to be Offg. Wing Officer on probn. Dated 25th Feb.

38th N. I.—Lieut. H. R. Browne, 2nd Bn. Shropshire Regt., a candidate for the Bl. S. C., to be Offg. Wing Officer on probn. Dated 19th April.

Major M. Clementi, Bl. S. C., Dy. Judge Adv. Oudh, Allahabad and Saugor Circle, is transferred in the same capacity to the Sirhind and Lahore Circle.

With the sanction of Govt. H. E. the C.-in-C. is pleased to appoint Lieut. W. H. F. Macmullen, 18th B. C., to officiate as Dy. Judge Adv. Oudh, Allahabad and Saugor Circle, vice Lieut. Col. C. R. Mathews, on furlough. Dated 24th April.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, the undermentioned officers are permitted to exchange to the battalions specified, provided the public be put to no expense by the arrangement :—

Devonshire Regt.—Majors W. H. Marriott, 2nd Bn., and F. F. Gibbons, 1st Bn.

Major B. F. Handy, Liverpool Regt., is qualified for the rank of Major.

The undermentioned officers are qualified for the rank of Lieut :—

Royal West Surrey Regt.,—Lieuts. H. P. L. Estridge, H. I. W. Hamilton, and J. W. G. Tulloch.

North Lancashire Regt.—Lieuts. C. Davidson, T. H. Smith, T. E. F. Litton, S. H. B. Hobbs, G. W. Rawlins, and R. E. Grimston.

The following order is confirmed, with the sanction of Lieut. Col. :—

Sirhind Division order, dated 6th April, appointing Lieut. Col. W. W. Biscoe, Offg. Asst. Adjt. Gen., Sirhind Div., to officiate as Dy. Judge Adv. Sirhind and Lahore Circle, in addition to his other duties, as a temporary arrangement, vice Lieut. Col. Matthews, proceeded on furlough.

The following order is confirmed :—

King's Rl. Rifle Corps,—4th Bn. order, dated 15th Feb. appointing Lieut. G. C. Kitson to be Asst. Instr. in Musk. to the bn., with effect from the 12th idem.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence :—

R. A.—Major A. J. Anderson (No. 3 Bty. 8th Brig), to the port of embarkation, for thirty days from date of availing himself of it ; and thence to England, for twelve months, on private affairs.

Major G. E. Maule (B. By. 2nd Brig), to remain in England for three months, on private affairs, in extension of the leave granted him in G. O. C. C. dated 11th Jan.

R. E.—Lieut. W. F. H. Stafford (Doing Duty Officer Bengal S. and M.) to England, for eight months from date of embarkation, on private affairs.

34th N. I.—Lieut. and Adjt. W. G. Dunsford (S. C.) to Mussoorie, from the 13th April to the 11th Oct. on medical certificate.

S. C.—Lieut. Col. E. R. C. Wilcox (doing general duty at Cawnpore), to Roorkee and Mussoorie, from date of availing himself of it, to 15th Oct., on urgent private affairs.

SURGEON DENTIST,

DR. C. F. KHORY

(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873),

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"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL."

This is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried DR SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being so mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other. AGENTS WANTED.

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FEBRUARY 15 1882.

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Known and used for over Thirty Years by the most cultivated and refined among women. Physicians of great ability are now using this medicine in their practice for FEMALE WEAKNESS, and all complaints to which women are subject. It cures NERVOUSNESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, encourages the APPETITE, and assists nature in restoring the system to a perfectly healthy condition. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

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RESPECTFULLY announce to the public that they have TAKEN OVER the entire STOCK of OPTICAL GOODS of Dr. A. MENIT, the well-known Oculist Optician, as well as his numerous and invaluable instruments to suit the eyesight.

The superiority of Dr. Menist's Pebbles and Frames is well known throughout India, and his practice of upwards of forty years, combined with a thorough knowledge of the theory of his profession, have given him the skill required to detect the peculiarities of vision, and then to provide the proper glasses to remedy them.

Dr. Menist's pamphlet may be had free on application at Messrs. MARCKS and Co. It contains numerous testimonials to his successful treatment, many of which have been previously in the hands of other Oculists, who had, however, failed to suit the eyesight.

Outstation orders punctually attended to.
Test-types sent on application.

C. MARCKS & Co.,
Bombay.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

YOUNG—May 14, at Deolalee, the wife of Graham Young, of a son.

DEATHS.

HUGHES—May 14, at Belgaum, of dysentery, David Erskine, the infant son of D. Erskine Hughes, M. D., F. R. C. S. Ed., aged 7 months.

WADIA—May 16, at 1 p. m., at Lowjee Castle, Parell, Mr. Ardaseer Hormarjee Wadia. His remains will be carried to the Tower of Silence this morning.

ALL MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MAY 17, 1882.

INTERVENTION in Egypt has evidently been decided upon. The English and French squadrons are on their way to Alexandria, and a complete understanding has been arrived at between the Western Powers as to the course to be taken "in certain contingencies." Lord Granville, in announcing the fact that this understanding exists, is diplomatic enough to add that there is a hope that "peace and prosperity" may be restored without a resort to force. The *Times* lets the world know what form the display of force is intended to take should Lord Granville's hope be disappointed. A body of Turkish gensdarmes—our old friends the zaptiehs under a more civilised appellation—will be landed, and they will seize Arabi Pasha. It will be very obliging on the part of Arabi if he decides to allow the zaptiehs to arrest him. But what if he should arrest the zaptiehs? Then the difficulty will become aggravated beyond the faculty of a *Times* leader to reduce it to the vanishing point. The notion of landing a squad of gensdarmes and arresting the head of the Egyptian army of fifteen thousand men, as if he were a common pickpocket, is ridiculous. If that be all that the occasion requires, the Anglo-French squadron need not waste its coal steaming to Alexandria. But of course the real meaning of the *Times* article is that the Great Powers, which a week ago solemnly agreed to "abandon the principle" of Turkish intervention, now see fit to invoke the Sultan's help to dispossess Arabi. It is interesting and important to know that foreign intervention will take this form, instead of an armed occupation of the country by British and French troops. It should be a cardinal maxim of our policy never to consent to French troops occupying Egypt in partnership with our own. The sole possible alternatives are Egypt independent, or Egypt a British possession. Egypt occupied by a British and French force, while France takes the "initiative" in deposing Tewfik, would be a spectacle which no friend of "peace and prosperity" would desire to see. It would infallibly lead to war between England and France sooner or later, and probably sooner rather than later. As a means of avoiding a grave danger, Turkish intervention, even though the "principle" of it was abandoned only last week, is a prudent measure, however serious the objections to it undoubtedly are. The best chance of a peaceful solution of the present complication arises from the fact that Arabi has recklessly separated his cause from that of the Egyptian Notables, who have hitherto worked with him. The refusal of the Chamber to assemble at his summons to depose the Khedive ought to have warned him that he had gone too far. His declaration that he would displace the family of Mahommed Ali without the concurrence of the Chamber, by the help of the army, has deprived him of the prestige which he enjoyed while he affected to represent the desires and hopes of a united nation. As the leader of a purely military revolt he is by no means a formidable personage. Besides, the army is not unanimously on his side. The artillery and the cavalry obey him with reluctance, and the infantry may decline to stand by him in a struggle with the troops of the Sultan-Kaliph. He has alienated the partisans of Ismail by indiscreetly charging that accomplished intriguer with complicity in the alleged plot against his life. The attempt to set aside Tewfik, not in the interest of Halim, but of his own, naturally combines against him all the partisans of the house of Mahommed Ali, as well as those of the "Kaliph." Where will he find his support under these circumstances? Arabi Pasha's fall will be as rapid as his rise to power if some extraordinary piece of stupidity—the landing of a detachment of zaptiehs to "seize" him, for instance—does not give him an opportunity of discrediting his adversaries at the outset.

THE Government has introduced the promised measure for the settlement of the pressing question of arrears of rent in Ireland. As was pretty well understood, the

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

THE CRISIS IN EGYPT.

LONDON, MAY 15.

The united English and French Squadrons are now on their way to Alexandria.

Earl Granville, replying to a question in the House of Lords this evening, said that a complete understanding exists between England and France in respect to Egypt and as to the course of action which, in certain contingencies, will be adopted. His Lordship, however, expressed a hope that peace and prosperity would be restored without resort to force.

LONDON, MAY 16.

The Times in this morning's issue publishes a telegram from Constantinople, stating that in case moral force fails in Egypt a body of Turkish gensdarmes will be landed, and seize Arabi Pasha.

ARREARS OF RENT IN IRELAND.

The House of Commons last night read for the first time the bill relating to the arrears of rent in Ireland, the payment of which will exhaust the surplus of the Irish Church Fund, and relieve the tenants from any further liability.

It transpired in the debate which followed that Mr. Parnell, whilst in Kilmainham Jail, undertook that agrarian outrages should cease, and that he would generally co-operate with the Government.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, MAY 15.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Eldorado arrived here from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo on the evening of the 14th instant.

MALTA, MAY 15.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Navarino, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

SUEZ, MAY 15.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer India, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here on the evening of the 14th instant.

The Inch Line steamer Inchmornish, outward bound for Bombay, arrived here this evening.

LONDON, MAY 15.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed with supplies freely offered. Surats unchanged.

The London Cotton Market has been firm.

Fair Dholleras	4¼
The Manchester Market has been steady; moderate demand. Eastern buyers operate more freely.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	5-9
8¼ lbs. do.	7
40's Mule Twist	0-10
3 per cent. Consols for account	102
Bar Silver	52½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	102
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	85
4½ per cent. do.	91 3-8

Arrivals—Ashford and Rhodora.
Departures—Castle Hill and Empress.

An eclipse of the sun, visible as a partial eclipse in Bombay, will occur to-day. The first contact will take place at 11-28 a.m. (Bombay mean time), the greatest phase will be observed at 0-50 p.m., and the eclipse will terminate at 2-8 p.m. The magnitude of the eclipse will be (taking the sun's diameter as 1) 0·34. The eclipse to one extent or another will be visible over the entire continents of Europe and Asia, and over Africa as far as Zanzibar on the east, and Lower Guinea on the west. As a total eclipse it will be visible over the region of the Yellow Sea, the northern provinces of the Chinese Empire, Persia, Northern Arabia, Egypt, the Soudan, Upper Guinea, and the Eastern portion of the desert of Sahara. It will be remembered that the British Government intend to send out an expedition to watch the eclipse, but the Royal Geographical Society have despatched a party to Egypt, and several European Governments and learned societies have made provision for making observations.

Major H. N. Reeves, Political Agent, Kolhapur, has reported to Government that a flight of locusts from the direction of the Ghats (west) visited Panhala on the evening of the 25th April. The insects destroyed the leaves of young plants in one of the State gardens on the hill, and left the next morning, flying southward. Major Reeves states:—"The Dewan has sent me a few specimens: they are of a reddish colour, and about 3 inches long."

Tennyson's new patriotic song, "Hands all round," has been arranged as a grand march by Mr. Schmuck; and the air will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifle Corps at the Apollo-bunder this evening.

A correspondent was in error in informing us that Sir Salar Jung was to travel to Simla *viâ* Bombay and the B. B. and C. I. and Rajputana Railways. His Excellency left Hyderabad on Monday morning; and branching off at Dhond over the Dhond and Manmar chord line, went on to Jubbulpore, whence he proceeds to Allahabad on his way to Simla.

Colonel Britten, late Cantonment Magistrate at Poona, who is about to retire, goes home on Saturday next.

The Goa Government are making arrangements to introduce telephonic communication between Pangim and Cabo, the summer residence of the Governor-General of Goa.

The Lucknow paper, the *Express*, hears that some recent instances of undue severity in the administration of corporal punishment at the local Martiniere College are likely to be the subject of magisterial investigation. "The accounts which reach us from 'indignant' correspondents we do not at present publish,—pending further information on a subject which materially concerns the well-being of the institution."

The 5th Bengal Cavalry from Sitapore and Fyzabad, it is stated, relieves, or at least takes the place of, the disestablished 17th B. C. at Bareilly, the station at which it was raised in April, 1841. The regiment, it is believed, marches at once, as the 17th B.C. will be broken up on the 1st of July. The 5th B. G. arrived at its present stations from Afghanistan in May last year.

A Teheran correspondent writes to the *Pioneer*, under date April 2:—"The weather here is still cold, and the crops are all backward. I hear that seven roubles per tent have been levied from the Russian Yomuts, the Turkoman tribe living northeast of Chikishliar. The Delimitation Commission is to begin its work soon: the Persian Commissioner is the Nasir-ul-Dowlat."

Colonel Brine writes to the Allahabad paper:—"Since my arrival at Allahabad from England I have been so repeatedly asked my opinion about the fate of Mr. Walter Powell, that I should feel obliged if you would allow me to state in your columns as follows:—Last summer I ascended with Messrs. Simmons and Baden Powell, and again this spring with the former aëronaut, and on both occasions closely watched the discharge of gas and ballast. The 'Saladin' War Office balloon, having been relieved by the wieght of Captain Templer and Mr. Agg-Gardner, and 10,000 cubic feet or more of gas out of 38,000 having been expended, she would have rapidly risen unless checked by Mr. Powell, to a great altitude, say 12,000 feet, until she was fully reinflated by the expansion of the remaining gas; and unless the balloon was of sufficient strength to sustain the pressure of the rapidly expanding gas, it would have been absolutely dangerous to have allowed her to continue her upward course without opening the valve at the apex. At that moment, if Mr. Powell was in darkness, he had every opportunity of watching the expanding of the balloon, and he might have been asphyxiated; and in any case, whether the balloon burst or not, she must have descended. In the event of Mr. Powell having come down alive to the surface of the sea, the car might have skipped over the face of the water, and not have sunk for some time below the shoulders of the occupant; but even in this case, unless the latter was quickly picked up, the cold (10th December, 1881) and spray would have overcome him. Mr. Powell being lost to us, let us hope that some great discovery in the mystery of the navigation of the heavens he loved to explore may arise out of the catastrophe; for it is concentration of thought more frequently than anything else that leads up to discovery, and very often the former is only brought about in sufficient force through some great disaster."

Colonel Burnaby may now hide his diminished head, says *Truth*. He may be a good horseman, and a Khiva may be an awkward place to get at under some circumstances; he may be a good balloonist, and the Channel may not be a very safe spot for "ballooneering" purposes; but Patrick Gordon, of Roscommon, who is now getting twenty-one days' hard labour for his trouble, has invented a new mode of travelling, and performed what appears to be an illegal exploit, under conditions which, as far as I know, have no parallel in the history of human enterprise. Patrick, last week, got under an express train which started from Holyhead, and there he lay suspended, grasping the brake-rod with his legs and hands, and so rode for ninety miles. He arrived at Chester more dead than alive, but alive enough, at any rate, to be locked up, and locked up he was, and convicted, moreover, to twenty-one days' hard labour! I should have thought that the poor fellow had already undergone a whole lifetime of agonising penal servitude, hanging on to the brake-rod for those terrible ninety miles! But of course, the majesty of the law must be vindicated. Patrick had not paid his fare; he had no business to ride without a ticket."

There has been, the Allahabad paper hears, something like a battle-royal at the India Office over the question of the 4 per cent. interest to be guaranteed to the reconstructed Bareilly and Kumaon Railway Company whilst the line is being made. The guarantee of the local Government was confirmed by the Government of India, "subject to the sanction of the Secretary of State," and that functionary, having recently taken up his parable against all guarantees, though he eventually accepted the proposal, died hard. The project is, as we have recently said, likely to be brought out in London very shortly now, and with every prospect of success.

A curious railway accident is reported from the North-West. The *Civil and Military Gazette* writes:—We hear that an accident of a somewhat peculiar nature occurred to the brake-van of the mail-train from Bombay, due at Lahore on the evening of the 10th instant. Everything went well with the train until its arrival at Markunda bridge, near Kaisiri, when the engine-driver, noticing an unusual strain on his engine, looked back and observed a cloud of dust at the rear of his train. He immediately slackened speed and stopped. It was then discovered that the axle of the brake-van had given way—one set of wheels having been precipitated through the bridge, and the other set cast off whilst the vehicle was being dragged along the line. The result was that the brake-van was broken up, and how the European guard escaped unhurt was miraculous. Both the line and bridge have been materially damaged, and the traffic considerably interfered with, but, owing to the immediate and judicious action taken by the officials, not entirely interrupted; nothing worse occurring than a little detention to the passengers, who were conducted over the bridge and conveyed in other trains to their various destinations.

On the subject of the recent order that British soldiers in India are to wear khaki-coloured clothes in the hot weather in lieu of white, a correspondent "Common-sense," writes to an up-country paper that it "appears to be a mistake." He adds:—"I will run roughly over the objections to it from a soldier's point of view:—1st, it costs 50 per cent. more to keep up a khaki kit than a white one; 2nd, it is much more attractive to the sun; 3rd, among 100 men on parade there will certainly be about 20 different shades of khaki; 4th, it renders the soldier dirty and slovenly in appearance; 5th, the look of a white helmet on top of a khaki suit is extremely ugly; 6th, white clothes can in case of service be dyed at 48 hours' notice." Another correspondent writes on the same subject:—"I am one of those who have always insisted that, at least in sanitary matters, cleanliness is more important than godliness. It is therefore with a sensation akin to loathing that I note the advent of the Great Unwashed to power at army Head-quarters. But a short time since officers were forbidden to follow the cleanly practice of wearing linen collars inside their patrol jacket collars, because such an order had been issued to officers serving in a cold climate. In future officers will be easily distinguishable by a ring of dark discoloured skin round the neck at the part where the cloth collar comes in contact with it, which may be called the "Officers' Ring." In the last emanation from the Great Unwashed, officers' feelings have, to some extent, been considered. They are to be allowed to wear white uniform at mess—St. Thomas d'Atkins will, however, in future, be able to rival St. Simeon Stylites in showing his contempt for the use of soap and water. He will henceforth appear in khaki uniform, and smartness in the British soldier will become a thing of the past."

The Central News Agency states that during the performance of "The Parvenu" at the Court Theatre on April 21, at which the Prince and Princess of Wales were present, a loud explosion took place behind the curtain, which seemed to shake the roof, and brought down a lot of dust on the heads of those in the stalls, and scattered it over the rear of his train. He immediately slackened speed and stopped. It was then discovered that the axle of the brake-van had given way—one set of wheels having been precipitated through the bridge, and the other set cast off whilst the vehicle was being dragged along the line. The result was that the brake-van was broken up, and how the European guard escaped unhurt was miraculous. Both the line and bridge have been materially damaged, and the traffic considerably interfered with, but, owing to the immediate and judicious action taken by the officials, not entirely interrupted; nothing worse occurring than a little detention to the passengers, who were conducted over the bridge and conveyed in other trains to their various destinations.

Truth thinks it is curious that Mr. Darwin should have gone to feed the worms so soon after the publication of his interesting work upon the habits of these creatures. Whatever may be the origin of species, the end of humanity is to die. Not only was Mr. Darwin great as a naturalist, but in private life he was one of the most amiable of men.

Colonel Brabazon, "Beautiful Brab," says "Atlas," has left England, to the regret of his club, his friends, and his family, to rejoin his regiment, the gallant 10th Hussars, who have got some time to remain in India.

At a meeting of the Standing Orders Committee, held on April 21, it was agreed to grant the prayer of a petition from the liquidators of the City of Glasgow Bank for the suspension of the standing orders to permit of the introduction of a Bill to authorise the transfer to a company of the whole remaining assets and property of the bank, in consideration of a payment sufficient to enable the liquidators to pay off and provide for the liabilities of the bank. The formal petition for leave to deposit the Bill was to be presented on the following Monday.

The Duke of Westminster, the Earl of Shaftesbury, the Bishop of Exeter, Lords Aberdare and Mount-Temple, the Baroness Burdett-Coutts, Sir John Lubbock, and other distinguished persons have consented to become patrons of the recently-formed "Society for Providing Humane and Sanitary Methods for Killing Animals for Food." The society advocates public "abattoirs," and efficient inspection of existing slaughter-houses, as well as a reform in the premises and instruments used.

At the usual weekly meeting of the Ladies' Land League held at their offices, Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, on April 25, Miss O'Byrne in the chair, Mrs. Molloney, treasurer, reported that they had spent in grants to evicted tenants, prisoners' families, &c., during the previous week, £1,482 4s. 9d., and on prisoners arrested under the Act for protection of person and property £529. They had received for the general fund £148, and for the prisoners and the prisoners' families fund £5,316.

The funeral of Mrs. Rowley Hill, the wife of the Bishop of Sodor and Man, which took place at St. Michael's, Chester-square, on the morning of Easter Tuesday, was, *Truth* says, one of the brightest occasions of the kind ever witnessed, being free from all the ordinary accessories of funebral gloom, so lavishly supplied by the undertaker, and so repulsive to most who are in sorrow. The Bishop, with Earl Nelson and Canon Erskine Clarke, has been one of the most active promoters of the Funeral Reform Association, and in strict accordance with the principles of that Society, there was a total absence of mutes, hat-bands, mourning coaches, and all the vile, hired hypocrisy of grief. Nothing could have been more admirable than the arrangements made, and it would be well were all funerals similarly conducted. The coffin was conveyed to the chancel of the church on a light car, and was covered not with a melancholy pall, but with wreaths of the most beautiful spring flowers and exotics sent from all parts. There was just sufficient music with the choir to render the otherwise solemn service bright and cheerful. The Communion was administered to those who wished to partake. The burial office was most impressively read, and a short but very touching address was delivered by Canon Fleming, and then the remains were carried to Brompton for interment in the cemetery.

The chairman of the National Bank of India is to be congratulated, says the *St. James's Gazette*, on the very frank manner in which at the annual meeting he exposed and condemned the mistakes of management which involved the bank in loss last half-year. Nothing need be added to the criticism of the gambling in telegraphic transfers to which on a former occasion we directed the attention of our readers as one of the chief causes of loss to the Indian banks generally, and as a practice fraught with danger. Mr. Boyson, a director, added that instructions had been given to the branch managers limiting their powers to grant options to one month. But even that appears too long a time. For within a month extreme fluctuations in exchange may occur, and we see no reason why such options should not be forbidden save on exceptional grounds. The other mistake of the branch managers in India which the chairman euphemistically described as 'forward operations in Government Securities,' but which the Stock Exchange calls 'selling bare,' and which in plain language is neither more nor less than selling securities not held by the vendor in the expectation that the price would fall, is even less defensible. It is not banking at all, but speculation.

A letter from Portree in the *Standard* shows that no pains are being spared in some quarters to convert the agitation among the Skye crofters into a more general movement affecting all the Highland tenantry. It is not so much the presence of one or two Irish Land Leaguers, even though they may "talk the Gaelic language," which is likely to give a serious aspect to the growing discontent. The Highlanders are apparently suspicious of the object and methods of these strangers, and think that their own case can stand on its own merits. Far more ominous is the organised attempt to revive, or rather to revivify, the intensely bitter memories of the great evictions which disgraced Highland landlordism during the earlier half of this century. It is a curious commentary on the changed spirit of the times to contrast the extent of the landlords' power in those days with that which they exercise now. The law is not altered; but while fifty years ago they could dispose of the lives of their tenants in the most arbitrary manner without the slightest interference, to-day even a comparatively small difference about rent has ultimately to be decided before the bar of public opinion.

DEATH OF MR. ARDASIR HORMARJEE WADIA.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Ardasir Hormarjee Wadia, the head of the firm of Messrs. B. and A. Hormarjee, which took place at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon at his residence, "Lowjee Castle," situated near Government House, Parell. He was 69 years of age, having been born in 1813 at the old family residence in the Fort, the site of the offices in Elphinstone-circle at present occupied by the firm of Messrs. B. and A. Hormarjee. He was the second son of Hormarjee Bomonjee, a celebrated ship-owner and merchant of Bombay, in noticing whose death in March, 1826, the *Bombay Courier* remarked that he was "engaged through life in extensive mercantile speculation to various parts of the world, and was for upwards of thirty years intimately associated in trade with Messrs. Forbes and Co. He has long been known wherever the commerce of Bombay has extended as the most eminent native merchant of this place. His memory will be respected by a numerous circle of friends, both in India and in Europe, who placed the greatest confidence in his judgment and integrity, and always held his character in the highest estimation." The above estimate of character, formed of the father more than half a century ago, is true in some measure of the son whose death this native community mourns to-day. Mr. Ardasir's eldest brother was Mr. Bomonjee Hormarjee Wadia, who in his lifetime was a Commissioner of the late Court of Requests in Bombay, a member of the Parsee Punchayet, a Justice of the Peace, a member of the Board of Education, Vice-President of the Bombay Association, and who was in 1859 appointed Sheriff of Bombay by Lord Elphinstone's Government.

On Mr. Bomonjee Hormarjee Wadia's death in July, 1862, Mr. Ardasir became the head of the house of B. and A. Hormarjee; and his large commercial experience, integrity, and skill enabled him to maintain its reputation to the day of his death. In connection with Messrs. Dent and Co. of China, he opened a trade in opium with the Shanghai market, and was successful in many of his transactions in the drug. In 1865 his firm were appointed the Bombay agents of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, and so well was the business managed by them that the shareholders, at a public meeting held in Shanghai, voted thanks to the Bombay agents for their judicious administration of the bank's affairs. Of late years the firm have been chiefly engaged in banking, the floating of loans, etc. They are the agents of the Coorla Mill, one of the most successful establishments of the kind in Bombay.

Mr. Ardasir was entitled by birth to the esteem and respect of his community, being descended from a highly respectable family which had earned the everlasting gratitude of the Parsees by reason of their building and endowing the largest fire-temple in the city, known as the Wadia fire-temple, which is situated on the Breach Candy-road. Mr. Ardasir by his public and private benefactions maintained the prestige of his family for charity and philanthropy. He established several dispensaries and gave away large sums in charity in the name of his firm. In 1848 he placed at the disposal of Government Rs 20,000 for the support of the Coorla dispensary. In 1869 he set apart a sum of money out of the interest of which Rs. 250 per month were contributed for the maintenance of the Lowjee Wadia Dispensary at Parell. In the same year, during the prevalence of the famine in Marwar, he sent to the famine-stricken districts 1,800 bags of rice of the value of about Rs. 10,000. In the following year he set apart a sum out of the interest of which Rs. 150 per *month* have been given for the *support of the* Nowsaree dispensary. In the same year, that is, 1870, he gave Rs. 10,000 for the establishment of a dispensary at the village of Elav; and a second contribution of Rs. 5,000 for the reliefs of the sufferers by the famine in Marwar. He contributed in two sums Rs. 9,800 in 1871 for the relief of the sufferers by the famine in Persia. In 1872 he presented Rs. 10,000 for increased medical assistance at the Coorla dispensary; Rs. 15,000 for building a tank midway between Bikaneer and Ruttunghur in Marwar; and Rs. 5,000 for building two tanks for poor people on the road to Mahableshwur. Mr. Ardasir also contributed liberally to the Orissa Famine Fund, the Irish Famine Fund, the Military Relief Fund, and lastly the fund for the relief of the widows and orphans of the sufferers by the flood in Boulogne. It is said that his private charities to respectable Parsees in distressed circumstances amounted to about Rs. 3,000 a month.

Mr. Ardasir devoted much time and attention to developing the resources of his Coorla estate, for the purchase of which the Maharajah Holkar some time ago offered Rs. 5,50,000, but the offer was declined. Mr. Ardasir was one of the chief promoters of the Indian Peninsula and China Bank, which flourished for a time, and ultimately collapsed with the bubble companies started during the "share mania" times in Bombay. He was a director on the local board of the late Commercial Bank. He was the mortgagee of the Bhow Russool Bunder, and sold his rights as a mortgagee to the late Sir Cowasjee Jehangir some years ago for Rs. 9,50,000. He has appointed his son and partner, Mr. Hormarjee Ardasir, and his friend Mr. N. Spencer, judge of the Small Causes Court, the executors of his will, which was executed some years ago, and a codicil to which was made a few days before his death. "Lowjee Castle," the family residence at Parell, and the chief landed estate on Bombay and elsewhere pass to his son Mr. Hormarjee, who becomes under the will the head of his father's firm. It is said that arrangements have been made to conduct the affairs of the firm in future with undiminished capital and credit. Mr. Ardasir became seriously ill about a month ago, and was latterly convalescent. A relapse set in a week ago, and notwithstanding the skill of Dr. Sidney Smith, Dr. Pinkerton, and Dr. Burjorjee Framjee, who attended him, he succumbed yesterday about 1 p.m. to exhaustion consequent upon the ailment from which he suffered. He was a great-grandfather, and leaves behind him a widow, a son and three daughters by his first wife, and six sons and seven daughters by the second wife, making a family of seven sons and ten daughters. Yesterday a large number of the principal Parsee citizens attended at "Lowjee Castle" to express their sympathy with his family. The share bazaar was closed in the afternoon as a token of respect to his memory. The funeral takes place about 8 o'clock this morning.

ALLEGED OUTRAGE IN A RAILWAY CARRIAGE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BANGALORE, MAY 10.

The public are just now interested in a trial which is to come off shortly in our criminal court, and in which Mr. Bangham's counsel is pleading as the defendant. The particulars of the occurrence, about which I telegraphed to you yesterday, are as follows. Miss Lane, the young lady who was subjected to the offensive overtures of the man, was placed by her relatives in a reserved carriage of the Madras Railway Company, at the Madras Central Station, on the evening of Thursday last, and the driver, a European, and an elderly man, was asked to attend to her wants on the way to Bangalore, which he kindly consented to do. Seeing the frequency with which the driver approached the carriage for the purpose of paying little civilities to the young lady, and being ignorant of the authority which gave him the right to offer them, Mr. Sashagheri Row, who was in an adjoining compartment, charitably concluded that the lady was a woman of a certain class, and determined to try his hand at a little flirtation. Full of this resolution, Sashagheri Row, finding the door leading into the young lady's compartment closed, peeped in by putting his body half out of his carriage window. Observing that the lady was quite alone, the gallant Hindu forthwith began to lay siege to her heart, as he thought, by humorously offering to tell her fortune by her hand, asking her if she would indulge in a brandy-and-soda, patting her on the shoulder, and using other equally irresistible methods of furthering his cause; but on the young lady indignantly repulsing him, and threatening to raise an alarm, he retired, and managed to secrete himself so well, leaving all his luggage in the carriage in which he had travelled, that he could not be found on a search being instituted for him at Jollarpett, where a complaint was made to the railway authorities by the thoroughly incensed and excited young lady. A telegram, however, describing the man found him safely lodged in a third-class carriage when the train arrived at Goopum, the next halting station. The mother of the young lady at first was loth to press the matter against Sashagheri Row, partly owing to her daughter's failing health, and partly through the man's endeavours to intimidate them; but she has since overcome such scruples, and has written to the Resident and manager of the company to go on with the prosecution, and there is every probability that Messrs. Barclay and Morgan, their solicitors, themselves will receive instructions to conduct the case, as once before a lady passenger was assaulted on the same line, and the man, in this case the engine-driver himself, got off free, and has never been heard of since. Considering the heinousness of the offence, I think the railway company ought to do their utmost efforts to bring about a conviction in this case; for not to do so will be to offer a premium, as it were, to every ill-disposed ruffian to insult the modesty of women, even in carriages especially set apart for "ladies only."

MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS AT BANGALORE.

A question engaging the attention of our Municipal Commissioners just now is the desirability of building an arcade for some distance up the Broadway. A special meeting of the Board took place about the end of last month, at which the scheme was fully discussed. It was proposed to raise the funds for the purpose by a loan to be repaid out of the "anticipated income from the proposed buildings," which, the Commissioners argue, "will amply provide for meeting the interest and sinking fund, which will expunge the debt in the comparatively very short period of 30 years." Apart from the utopian nature of the scheme, the money could be more profitably laid out in the construction of water-works than in the building of an arcade, the necessity for which is questionable after all, while the income may not be a moiety of what the Commissioners hope to get from the buildings in the shape of rents. In a country so dependent for its water supply on the rains, a water-works scheme should receive the best attention of the Municipality, so as to place the recurrence of the periodical droughts from which we suffer beyond the pale of a possibility. The scheme, however, has been submitted for the Resident's approval, and I can make a pretty shrewd guess as to its ultimate fate; for Sir James Gordon is an able statesman, and is not likely to have his head turned by pretentious reports on matters so nearly concerning the ratepayers' pockets. Anyhow his decision will not be given till his return from England.

TRUE TIME AND FALSE TIME.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I am willing to believe that there is a very general feeling that His Excellency the Governor is a man of good sterling common-sense, and that he is also a man of great firmness. There are also some who think his firmness verges on obstinacy. He still keeps up that misleading, falsifying farce of Madras time for Bombay. He would seem to have believed in the people getting used to it, like eels to skinning, but my observation leads me to the conclusion that they will not get used to it—that it will never fail to be a source of disappointment and vexation. All Bombay does not travel by train, but very few do comparatively, and the time-table keeps those few informed as to the times of departure of the trains according to our own time—the true time. In Great Britain the railway time is the true time at railway head-quarters, which is London, and London time may be said to be Greenwich time—four miles making no sensible difference. But what our railways may do does not affect the question beyond the fact that their move has suggested the larger move, or what would be the larger move if it were generally adopted; but it will not be, and cannot be, adopted. The many clocks which are now open to the public view are rendered useless for public information, because they are all at sixes and sevens, and the usefulness of the true-time clocks is nullified by the false-time clocks, except to the few persons who happen to know what time is kept by any particular one. It is too bad to put over a sacred edifice like the Cathedral what amounts to a persistent misleader; and at the very time that the clock is telling its minute fibs the bell for forenoon service rings at the old true time, and summons the people to meet at 11 of the true clock.

If the Esplanade gun announces one o'clock officially at 0-30 p. m., why does not the early morning gun fire at official daybreak? Does the Observatory inform us of the official temperature, or the temperature at official hours? We ought to be told. Does the calendar give us official sunrise and official sunset? Does it give us official high water and official low water? We ought to be told. Most people have more or less experience of officialism: official forms on official paper, official envelopes, and official red-tape, the last having been hitherto the principal heart-burner of us, but to have an official sun really out-red-tapes red-tape.

THE ONE O'CLOCK GUN.

PERSIAN GRAMMAR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A friend lately presented me with a copy of Mr. Taskar's Persian grammar; and as I am myself engaged in the study of that language, I have read with some interest the review which appeared in your issue of the 8th inst., and the author's "rejoinder," which appeared to-day.

In case the writer of the review should not think it worth his while to answer the "rejoinder," I trust you will allow me space for a few general remarks, but especially with reference to the author's challenge to the reviewer "to point out any faulty interpretation of the Persian quotations."

The translations of the couplets in the grammar are very similar to the incorrect phrases given in the papers at the Matriculation and other examinations to be corrected by the candidates, and all the mistakes in English pointed out by the writer of the review must be considered as more or less "faulty interpretations." There are, however, a few other inaccuracies to which I should like to invite Mr. Taskar's attention. On page 21, in illustration of the method of forming the plural of nouns ending in *alif* and *wave*, he quotes a couplet to show how to form the plural of *pari-ru* (fairy-faced), and yet translates that very word in the singular. He renders it—"Do not find fault with Sa'di, O lord, if thou art a man, because there is not *a single man* who has no inclination for the fairy-faced *beauty*." In my humble opinion this is a "faulty interpretation;" it should be—"For he is not a man who has no inclination for the fairy-faced." On page 37 he has—"Owing to my weeping, the pupil of my eye is in blood." This should be—"is sitting (i. e., bathed) in blood." On page 110 the well-known word *gul-ab* is translated "the water of rose," instead of "rose water." On page 125 a couplet from the introduction to the "Bustan" of Sa'di is thus rendered:—"Not only that we should gallop our horse everywhere, but it is necessary to yield at some places." This I should translate:—"Not everywhere can one urge one's steed, for in some places one must throw away one's shield." On page 123 a couplet from the beginning of the "Bustan" is translated—"*A favourite being* who *turned* his head from his Court did not find any respect *on* any door he *repaired to*." But this is not at all the poet's meaning. The word *khwand* (which, according to the dictionary, "means "excellent," "dear," "glorious," "powerful," "venerable," "a king," &c.) refers to God, and cannot be rendered "a favourite being." And the verbs, though expressed in the past tense, are here used idiomatically in the sense of the present. I should translate it:—"The Excellent One, from whose Court if a man turn away his head, at no other door to which he betakes himself doth he obtain honour."

As regards the word "amza," I have consulted three different dictionaries, but failed to find it in any of them. I have also taken the trouble to consult a well-educated Persian gentleman, who ought to be an authority on such matters, and he told me he had never heard of the word till I showed it to him in Mr. Taskar's grammar.

Mr. Taskar evidently does not appreciate the pun on "tulip" and "chew lip." He also fails to see the "two spelling faults" in the first couplet on page 90: but if he looks at it a little more attentively, he will doubtless see that these words referred to by the reviewer are *bazu* and *panja*, and that in the spelling of them he has broken through his own rule laid down on page 27 of his grammar.

There are many other inaccuracies in this book, but as Persian grammar is not a subject of much general interest to the public, I will not trouble you with more at present.

HAFIZ.

May 15.

THE BACK BAY SWIMMING BATH.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It would save a great deal of unnecessary and unprofitable controversy with the custodian of the Back Bay swimming bath if the Managing Committee were to frame and post up a complete set of rules for the guidance of all parties making use of the bath. The present imperfect set of rules makes no provision for the admission of spectators, and the point seems to be determined according to the sweet will and pleasure of the custodian. If under the sanction of the Managing Committee this individual is authorised to impose a fee of three annas on all spectators, the sooner this obnoxious restriction is removed the better for the success of the bath.

SPECTATOR.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—What reasons can be assigned for the Back Bay Swimming Bath not being looked after in a better manner? One young man, while taking a plunge the other morning, accidentally contrived to rub his face against the wall, and on coming to the surface of the water, found, to his utter amazement, that his nose, small as it was, had been curtailed by a fourth, owing to numerous small shells having been allowed to accumulate on the side of the bath; while another had his feet badly scraped in the same way. The former, while in office, received a severe scolding from his governor, who jumped at the conclusion that he had fallen out with some neighbour, who had given him a broken nose; while the latter is seriously considering whether or not he should bring an action for damages against the Committee of the bath.

Besides, both young men had arranged to meet their sweethearts that evening at the Bandstand; and imagine their wrath on finding that all their efforts to patch up their injuries were of no avail, and that consequently they must remain at home.

I hope this letter will lead to a thorough inquiry by the Committee as to the manner in which the bath is cleaned out.

A. P.

DAY OF INTERCESSION FOR MISSIONS.

Yesterday being appointed on the recommendation of the Lambeth Conference as the day of intercession for missions in the Church of England, a united service was held at Christ Church, Byculla, at 8-30 p.m. The Right Reverend Dr. Mylne, Bishop of Bombay, officiated, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Higgins and the Venerable Archdeacon Stead.

The service was well attended, the congregation being drawn from the several Established Churches in the city. The service was composed of a special litany, and three sermons addressed to them by his Lordship the Bishop. Between the intervals of the addresses special prayers were offered, with pauses for silent prayer and a hymn. His Lordship divided his discourse into three parts, enjoining, first, that we should pray for promotion of our knowledge of God our Creator, secondly, for the extension of Christ's Kingdom, and thirdly, for the salvation of souls. The discourse was very impressive. The service was concluded with a hymn and short prayer; after which the congregation was dismissed with the usual benediction offered by the Bishop.

ALLEGED TRAFFIC IN SLAVES.

Yesterday, at the Fort Police Court, before Mr. W. Webb, the case against Hafeez Abdul Kaiyum was resumed. The prisoner stands charged with buying, exporting, importing, and removing as slaves four girls, named respectively Jamila (15), Zufran (11), Zainab (11), and Nur (9).

Mr. Cleveland, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Payne for the defence.

Hajee Adam Hajee Abdool Latiff Ballidina deposed.—I am a merchant, having my place of business at Damur-gully, Bombay. The name of my firm is Hajee Abdool Latiff Ballidina. I am the moonim of that firm. I have a firm at Jeddah. I have no firm at Mecca. I have only an agent there named Hajee Abdool Hajee Arab. My business is carried on at Jeddah under the same name as in Bombay. The agent at Jeddah is Hajee Cassum Jonas. I know Hajee Abdool Rahman Hajee Cassum Jonas. This letter, dated 27th February, 1882, is in the handwriting of Hajee Cassum Jonas. (The letter was read in court.) I do not know who Hajee Abdul Kaiyum referred to in the letter. I received this letter more than a month ago. This hoondy in duplicate was enclosed in the letter. The amount of this hoondy has not been paid. One Oosman, a broker, came twice to me for payment. He was accompanied by Abdul Raooff. I do not know if he (Abdul Raooff) is acquainted with the accused. A copy of the hoondy was obtained from me by Oosman and Abdul Raooff. On the 9th April Khan Sahib came to me and asked if I received any hoondies of Abdul Kaiyum, and on the following day I handed to him the hoondies with the letter.

The cross-examination of the witness was reserved.

Abdul Raooff deposed.—I am a hakim, and reside at Bhopal. Accused is my uncle, my father's brother. I went to the firm of the last witness to pay the amount of the hoondy for my uncle.

Witness identified the hoondies in question.

The case was then adjourned for further hearing until the 26th instant.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Band, B. V. R., Apollo-bunder, evening.
Divine Service, on board the Bretton Hall, Prince's Dock, 7-30 p. m.

Vessels arrived.—The following vessel arrived on the 15:—Mayo (s), from Cardiff. Yesterday:—Sumatra (s), Marseilles; Agra (s), London; Joseph Arbib (s), Cardiff; Adirondack (s), Liverpool; Linhope (s), Newcastle; *L. G. Tenasserim* (s), Kurrachee.

Vessels sailed.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Bridgewater, for Bremerhaven: Sunrise (s) and Renfrew (s), Antwerp; Enchantress (s), Avenmouth: Pachamba (s), Persian Gulf; Eliora (s), Calcutta.

Music at the Apollo-bunder.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Apollo-bunder this evening:—

Overture	Emma de Resburgo	Meyerbeer.
Potpourri	Der Carneval in Rom	Strauss.
Valse	Toujours et Encore	Lamothe.
*Grand march	{ Mr. Tennyson's new patriotic song "Hands all Round"	J. Schmuck.
Quadrille	"The Times"	Coote.
Polka	"Bonne Bouche"	Waldteufel.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

*The grand march is to be played the first time in Bombay.

The Prince's Dock.—The s. s. Kangra left the dock on Monday, and the s. s. Kaiser-i-Hind, Agra, and Adirondack entered yesterday.

Arrest of Seamen Deserters.—Inspector Briscoe arrested two seamen deserters from the British ship Marathon, and placed them on board their vessel. The police officer received a reward of Rs. 20.

A Dishonest Servant.—Francis Marian, a domestic servant in the employ of Mrs. Atkinson, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of stealing a currency note for Rs. 10, the property of his mistress. He was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

Movement of Troops.—The I. G. steamer Tenasserim, 1,760 tons, Captain B. P. Creagh, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday from Kurrachee, which port she left on the 13th instant, with Lieut. G. Wilson, R. A., and 38 followers, 386 boxes of specie (Rs. 22,00,000), and 20 tons of telegraph wire. During the voyage the Tenasserim experienced fine weather and a northerly breeze.

Fatal Accident on Boardship.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the Morgue, Camateepoora, on the body of Sheik Dawood Mahomed Tyer, aged forty years. Deceased was a calasee on board the Inner Light-ship. While standing by the after-davit, and lowering the starboard gig, he fell with his head on the rail, and the davit falling on his head, crushed it, causing instantaneous death. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

Gamblers.—Abdool Ayoub and Ahmed Abboo were yesterday convicted by Mr. W. Webb of gaming with dice and money on the public road at 2nd Don Tar-street. They were each fined Rs. 5. Abdool Ayoub, the first prisoner, was further convicted upon a second charge of assaulting and resisting Constable Gregory when he was arrested. He was fined a further sum of Rs. 30, or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment; and also to be bound over in a sum of Rs. 200 to keep the peace for a period of six months.

A Parsee on Parsees.—A correspondent, presumably a Parsee, hails from only Parsees as with the initials "K. N." attached to his communication, complains as regards the condition of Parsees, that "a vain hankering after a follow civilisation and an inordinate apeing of European manners and societies, which are in no way conformable to this constitution and development of an Oriental race, have made them, if I were to use the eloquent and happy, though rather trenchant, words of a well-known Parsee gentleman, no longer productions of nature, as the British rule in India." "K. N." makes this compl

AN IRISH ESTATE.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to the *Pall Mall Gazette* :—I venture to call English attention to the following story, which has a practical political moral :—

The estate of Lord Dillon in North Mayo has within the last fortnight assumed the appearance of a country overrun by invaders. The estate is situate around the small town of Ballaghaderrin. It comprises the holdings of over 4,000 tenants, most of them valued under £4 per annum. The estate yields a rental of close on £30,000. The late proprietor, Lord Dilion, resided in England, and never in his existence visited the property. The present Lord Dillon likewise resides in England, and is said never to have seen the estate. For a long series of years it has been managed entirely by Mr. Strickland, the agent, whose will was omnipotent, but who was a man of kindly disposition; he succeeded his father in the agency, so that he may safely be assumed to have been thoroughly acquainted with the tenantry and with their ability to pay whatever rents were imposed upon them. It is not easy to ascertain with accuracy exactly to what exent the rental of the property has been raised; but the current belief is that the rental, which is now close on £30,000, was forty or fifty years ago not much over £10,000. The increases were effected partly during Mr. Strickland's reign as agent and partly in his father's time. The rents were mainly earned by the tenants, not on their holdings, but by going as harvestmen to England. So long as they could earn, they paid their rents faithfully. The bad harvests came, bad in England as well as in Ireland, the crops on the Dillon estate failed, and simultaneously the work in England for the harvestmen fell off, and, thus hit hip and thigh, Lord Dillon's tenants fell into arrear. The extent to which the depression in England affected the tenants on this estate may be estimated from the fact that in one post-office, through which the tenants on this estate used to remit their earnings from England, there was in a single year a falling of in post-office orders of nearly £10,000. The distress of the tenants became acute; they would have starved but for the relief committees formed in Dublin to save the people from absolute famine. The tenants on the Dillon estates were literally fed by the three relief committees established in Dublin, but the aid given by these organizations would have been insufficient to ward off starvation. Luckily the bishop of the diocese was made their almoner by many charitable people, and a sum of between £5,000 and £6,000 was disbursed by him in preserving the lives of Lord Dillon's tenants. The arrears now due amount in many instances to three and even to four years' rent. The present Lord Dillon has recently demanded from the tenants in settlement of these arrears not the entire of them but an amount which the tenants could not pay without ruin as a result; but it is generally understood that they are willing to pay a year's rent on getting a clear acquittance from the arrears. It must be remembered that the shopkeepers in the west of Ireland have ceased to give credit, so that the tenants must pay in cash for all food they have to buy. Presumably the agent, Mr. Strickland, who has been so long connected with the property, shared in the belief as to the impossible nature of the terms offered by the landlord, for he has resigned; so also has Mr. Blake, the under-agent. Lord Dillons' son has come over to the estate, and a new agent, Mr. Hussey, has been imported. *The district covered by this estate has been for years absolutely free from crime.* Military and police are now being poured into it in large numbers, iron huts are being erected in the neighbourhood, and the place is beginning to look like a camp. The district is so remote, so devoid of means of making public what is occurring there (for there is no newspaper in that part of the country), that the proceedings above adverted to have not yet attracted much attention. The condition of Lord Dillon's estate is worthy of the attention of statesmen. It is typical of many others in Ireland. Lord Dillon is probably himself not a harsh man, but he wants arrears of rents which his tenants cannot pay him. What is to occur? Is the law to be left in its present state? Are the forces and resources of the law to be placed at the disposal of the landlord to enable him to try to get (for get them he cannot) arrears which the tenants have not the means of discharging? Would it not be wise statesmanship to alter the law, to recognize the fact that by the act of God a national loss in agriculture has fallen upon the country, and to apportion that loss among the landlords who ought to bear it? Give the landlord part of his arrears out of the national purse, and in exchange for that part make him forego the balance which is nominally due to him, but which is irrecoverable? In the vain attempt to recover impossible arrears Irish landlords are fast kindling a flame which threatens to spread into a dangerous conflagration.

M. DE LESSEPS ON THE CHANNEL TUNNEL.

THE promoters of the Channel Tunnel have received from M. de Lesseps a letter of which the following is an extract. Reference has just been made to the terrors formerly existed amongst a section of British opinion by the Suez Canal project, which eventually proved so useful to the interests of Great Britain. To-day, on a new scheme being started—called the Channel Tunnel—it is really astounding to see that it arouses fears of an invasion from France by means of what is nothing but a long tube. You may well ridicule such apprehensions by your sarcasm. This tunnel which excites those fears will serve to destroy any erroneous ideas which either of the two nations may entertain regarding its neighbour, and if, by our daily relations, it brings us in France better information of the generous and pacific sentiments of France will be more appreciated, and will calm those minds which are agitated by imaginary fears." M. de Lesseps is expected on an early day to visit Dover for the purpose of inspecting the Channel Tunnel works.

ROWDYISM TRIUMPHANT.

A GERMAN official deputed to report on the social condition of this country is said to have informed his Government that England is destined to experience before the end of the century a great upheaval of the forces of disorder. The prediction may be as worthless as are most attempts to forecast the future; but if by any chance there should be even a partial fulfilment of his prophecy, the present conduct of the authorities is by no means such as to encourage a confident anticipation as to the ultimate issue of a pitched battle between order and disorder, authority and anarchy. There is no occasion to go so far afield as the close of this century to see how utterly incompetent are many of our magistrates to deal vigorously or even intelligently with such slight outbursts of rowdyism as from time to time occur in London and in the provinces. Of this deplorable ineptitude of rule a very glaring illustration afforded us just now by the utter failure of the Camborne magistrates to deal with the riotous mob which sacked a Roman Catholic chapel and hunted Irishmen through the town for their lives. The main facts are undisputed. A furious mob led by a man brandishing a red flag marched to attack their Irish fellow-citizens with sticks and stones. Violent assaults were committed, a place of worship was wrecked, and the town was taken possession of by the mob. After a time the police arrested the ringleader, and he was duly brought up before the magistrates for punishment. The presiding magistrate declared that "if the Irishmen had been met with and killed, he would have been held guilty." Evidence which would have sufficed to convict of murder was held to be insufficient to justify committing the prisoner for trial on a charge of riotous behaviour, and the ringleader of one of the most disgraceful riots of recent times was acquitted amid the enthusiastic applause of the mob. Not one single individual has been punished in any way for the savage outburst of last week. The law was ostentatiously broken, and not a law-breaker has been brought to book. The men who were officially charged with the vindication of the law seem to have capitulated to the mob. The riot arose because the magistrates had given two months' imprisonment intead of sending them for trial. After the riot an accomplice of the two Irishmen previously convicted was present, but instead of giving him two months he has been committed for trial. The will of the mob seems to be supreme in Camborne, and the magistracy little more than its docile executive.

This affair at Camborne is unfortunately only too much of a piece with the conduct of magistrates in other parts of the country. Instead of repressing violence with a strong hand, they find it easier to enter into a virtual alliance with the roughs. At Basingstoke, for instance, not so very long since a disturbance was deliberately arranged for by the roughs and their friends, in order that the mayor might have an excuse for reading the Riot Act and calling out the soldiery to suppress an obnoxious procession of eccentric religionists, who, however, mistaken, were only exercising their legal rights. At Whitchurch the roughs have been allowed with impunity to fight their way into a religious meeting in order to seize the leader and duck him in the river, and all that the magistrates have done to vindicate the law has been to send to gaol four of the religionists whose processions were objected to by the mob. In Somersetshire, temperance meetings have been dispersed with brutal violence, with which the local authorities seem powerless to deal. In Oldham, after the magistrates had practically encouraged the roughs in their attempts to break up the meeting of the Salvation Army, by inflicting absurdly trivial fines or discharging them without any punishment at all, they made an attempt at disturbance which might easily have resulted in a catastrophe. Cotton wool filled with cayenne pepper was ignited in the midst of a densely-packed hall, from which there was only one mode of exit for five thousand persons, and that was obstructed by a gang of roughs on the outside. It was extinguished before a panic arose, in which scores might have been trampled to death. Similar cases might be multiplied almost without end, but they all have the same features, and they all teach the same lesson. The forces of disorder are powerless if they are energetically confronted by the local authorities. Wherever magistrates and police are determined to uphold the law and to defend the liberty of the subject against the attacks of the rough there disorder is unable to raise its head. But wherever magistrates refuse to deal firmly with the first beginnings of lawlessness, it invariably develops until it assumes serious proportions. In some towns magistrates have already endeavoured to preserve the peace by making themselves the instruments of the mob, but the only result of prohibiting processions is to lead the roughs to transfer their operations to public meetings. To the disorderly classes one is as fair game as the other, and as Mr. Joseph Arch found at Basingstoke, the roughs are quite as willing to break up a political meeting as a religious congregation. There is only one course to be pursued in dealing with these manifestations of disorder. The police and the magistrates should enforce the law with the requisite amount of tact, but violate it with unwavering severity. If every magistrate and chief constable in the country were made clearly to understand that in every case of disorder or tumult they would be held by the Home Office to have failed in their duty until very satisfactory evidence had been adduced to the contrary, we should hear very little more of that shameless acquiescence of the local authorities in more periodically recurring outbreaks which are both a disgrace and danger to any civilized society.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

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